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No Action Taken

Pa., April 30. The body of one
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SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. DECATUR, ILL., TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1902. NO 28

THE OTHER SIDE

Lodge Recounts the Atrocities Practically by the Filipinos

WARMLY DEFENDS THE ARMY

"Water Cure" Has Been No Part of the Country's Policy in the Islands

Washington, May 5. In vindication of the American policy in the Philippines, Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, chairman of the Philippine committee, addressed the senate today. Long before he began to speak the galleries were thronged with people and the attendance on the floor of the senate was unusually large. Mrs. Cowles, the president's sister, was an interested auditor. His reviews of the situation in the islands and the utterances of the minority in criticism of the conditions there was unusually interesting, forceful and effective. He spoke with deep earnestness and at times became eloquent.

Mr. Lodge warmly resented the imputations cast on the president, secretary of war and the army for alleged cruelty and atrocities said to have been practiced in the Philippines. He said every effort had been employed by the officials in authority to prevent such practices as had been referred to and prompt steps had been taken to punish those guilty of them. Such things, however, were incidents of every war and could never be prevented absolutely. He had no desire to make of many cases of torture which had been cited, but the men of the American army had been provoked almost beyond human endurance.

FILIPINOS ATROCITIES.

He recited scores of instances of cruelties and tortures practiced by the Filipino insurgents on American prisoners. Men had had their ears cut off; had been disemboweled; had been driven into the streams, and, while drowning, shot to death; had been tied to the trees and stoned to death by the women and children, and buried alive. Others had been shot and beheaded treacherously while succoring the wounded. In the face of these horrible atrocities, some American troops had been guilty of admitting the "water-cure," but instances of this kind were isolated and no part of the general policy in the Philippines. He warmly defended General Chaffee for his conduct of military affairs in the island and paid a brilliant tribute to his heroism and patriotism. As he concluded his defense of the American army and American administration, he received cordial applause from the galleries.

SAMPLE CASES.

Lodge in his speech, referring to alleged cruelties of the American troops, told of three American soldiers who were captured by the Filipinos. They were stripped naked and told that if they would cry "Long live the Filipino republic" they might run away into the jungle. One stood there and in the midst of the hostile band did cry "Long live America!" The Filipinos tied him to a tree and women and children stoned him to death. The other two lost heart and cried "Long live the Filipino republic", but notwithstanding this they were cut to pieces with bolos.

After that, said Lodge, it is no wonder the comrades of these men went into the battle with cries of vengeance.

In the speeches of the minority, he said, women and children had been slaughtered by myriads, but there was not in the records an authenticated case of the killing of women or children traceable to the American soldiers.

Records were quoted to prove the atrocities committed by the Filipinos on American troops. He showed, too, that thousands of natives had been assassinated and mutilated by insurgents because they sympathized with the Americans.

Mr. Lodge closed with a tribute to the Filipino who had fought for Americans and who had suffered because of their loyalty to this government.

When Mr. Lodge concluded he was warmly congratulated by many of his colleagues. Twice in the course of his speech the galleries burst into spontaneous applause.

In a brief reply Rawlins of Utah declared the charges which had been made were not against General Chaffee or the American army, but against the policy from Massachusetts (Lodge) and others who were responsible for the present Philippine policy.

AS DESPOSITARIES

Millikin Selected for Fifty Thousand Dollars More

Washington, May 5. Among the banks selected as government depositories today are the following for $50,000 each:

Illinois First, Champaign; Millikin, Decatur; Home, Elgin.

Iowa First, Davenport; National bank, Decorah; Citizens, Cedar Falls, City, Clinton; Ottumwa and Shenandoah, Shenandoah.

Wisconsin—Citizens, Oconto.

TOLD FAIRY TALES

Robert Reed Arrested with Mrs. Bertha Trimmer at Danville

Danville, May 5.—Special. Robert Reed and Mrs. Bertha Trimmer, both claiming to be from Decatur, were arrested here tonight on a charge of adultery and Reed was taken back to Champaign, at which place the couple are said to have been living. They had two of Mrs. Trimmer's children with them. Reed claimed that he was the son of a Decatur banker and that he held a responsible position with his father in that city.

Mrs. Trimmer said that she was the wife of a railroad man living in Decatur and that she did not love him, that he mistreated her, and for that reason she had left him to live with Reed.

The directory gives Mrs. Trimmer's residence as North Woodford street.

TURNED DOWN

Clinton Council Refuses to Confirm Mayor's Appointments

Clinton, Ill., May 5.—Special.—At a meeting of the new council tonight, Mayor Harris recommended that the city build an electric light plant. The following officers were appointed and confirmed: City Marshal, S. T. Henson; sexton, T. Williams; pound master, H. B. Rhoads. An ordinance was passed consolidating the offices of superintendent of streets and superintendent of water works. The mayor appointed W. Schooler to the office, but the council refused to confirm by a vote of 6 to 2. The hearing of the contest between Fuller and Sheedy of the First ward was set for Tuesday, May 20.

MOROS ESCAPE

Preconcerted Action While Soldiers were at Dinner—35 Killed

Manila, May 5.—Eighty-four Moro prisoners, under guard, made an attempt to escape today. At a preconcerted signal they got between the soldiers forming the guard and a company at dinner. The latter, realizing what had happened, fired on and pursued the Moros, killing thirty-five and capturing nine. The other fugitives escaped.

Secretary Hay Denies it

Copenhagen, May 5. The excitement caused in the landsthing by the president's attack on the foreign minister, Prof. Duentzer, for alleged disingenuousness in concealing from the country a disagreement between the Danish and United States governments over responsibility for the St. Croix sugar subsidy has been set at rest by a communication from Secretary Hay, declaring the governments are in perfect accord regarding the interpretation of the treaty.

DEATHS OF THE DAY

JUDGE AMBROSE.

Chicago, May 5.—Former Judge Ambrose of Omaha and afterward of Chicago, and a close friend of William J. Bryan, died today of pneumonia. The burial will be at Omaha. He was in his 65d year.

No Discrimination

Washington, May 5.—Responding to a request, Secretary Hay sent to the house a communication in which he says the American Jews are not discriminated against in Russia. This government is still using every effort to secure equality of treatment for American citizens in Russia, but has not been attended with encouraging success.

Honorary Degree

New Haven, Conn., May 5. William Thomson, first lord of Kelvin, this afternoon received from the Yale university the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. The ceremony took place in Battell chapel before a large audience. For the first time in over one hundred years a special assembly has been held at Yale for conferring an honorary degree.

Lost While Fishing

Neenah, Wis., May 5.—Three young men of this city, Ben Dietz, Will Haulfa and Robert Wohld, went out on Lake Winnebago Friday on a fishing trip. A storm blew up late in the afternoon and nothing has been heard of them since.

Yates Names Tart

Springfield, Ill., May 5.—Governor Yates today appointed James T. Tart of Edwardsville, member of the state board of equalization to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Colonel Drury of Waterloo.

Name Delegates

McLeansboro, Ill., May 5.—The republicans of Hamilton county today selected G. W. Hogan, C. M. Lyon, General James R. Campbell, A. M. Wilson and F. B. Planican delegates to the state convention.

Queen Out of Danger

The Hague, May 5.—Queen Wilhelmina was sleeping quietly tonight and the fever has abated. It is believed that all danger is passed.

FRIDAY'S FIGHT

At Bayan, Mindanso, Results in Serious Loss to Americans

OFFICER AND EIGHT MEN

Killed and a Long List of Seriously and Mortally Injured

Washington, May 5. General Chaffee has cabled the list of casualties of the battle of Bayan, Mindanao, Friday:

The killed:

THOMAS A. VICKERS, first lieutenant 27th U. S. infantry.

James J. McGrath, private company F, 27th infantry.

WILLIAM LOREMZ.

CHARLES REYNOLDS.

JOHN LANGDON.

All of company G, 27th infantry.

ALFRED J. CALLAHAN.

FREDERICK CORNELL.

MICHAEL GOLDEN, corporal.

The seriously wounded:

R. S. Porter, major and surgeon.

James T. Moore, captain.

Henry S. Wagner, first lieutenant.

John Wheaton, sergeant company F, 27th.

Eugene L. McCarthy, sergeant.

John Brady, cook.

Charles Cobb and Edward W. Blair of company H, 27th.

John O'Donnell, William H. Brogam, William Brown, George A. Drear of company G, 27th.

John Daley, Hermidas Viola, Peter Sullivan of company B, 27th.

Joseph Lyons.

Severely wounded:

Albert L. I. Johnson, second lieutenant.

Frank A. Perry, Arthur Smith, Walter F. Caumers, Robert McCormick.

Albert W. Ingold, sergeant major.

Mortally wounded:

James J. Healey.

Captain James Moore, wounded seriously in the head, was appointed to the military academy from Michigan in 1888.

Major P. S. Porter, seriously wounded in the thigh, entered the volunteer service as first lieutenant and surgeon of the Second Illinois infantry in 1898. He was afterwards appointed first lieutenant and assistant surgeon of the 31st U. S. volunteer infantry and later rose to his present rank.

FOR MEDIATION

Hearing Given to Those Who Want to Help the Boers

Washington, May 5.—The first congressional hearing to those favoring mediation for the Boers was given today by a sub-committee of the house committee on foreign affairs. The room was crowded with delegations from many parts of the country, including Commandant Snyman, who was on Dewet's staff; Charles Keys of Philadelphia, chairman of the Boer legislative committee, and a number of members of the committee.

A large number of petitions, letters and resolutions were presented to the committee and several of those present urged favorable action. The alleged use of American ports as supply camps for the British army was dwelt upon by some of the speakers.

Representative Smith stated the Fifth congressional district united to a man in asking congress to act, and expressed the earnest hope the committee would yield to universal sentiment of the country in giving the house an opportunity to vote.

Chairman Adams of the committee closed the hearing. He said the only exception which could be taken to the addresses was in the statement that a political question was involved. This was not a political question, he asserted. The sympathy of the present administration has been shown by the tender of its good offices, which has been rejected. As to the question of neutrality the facts were before the attorney general. He assured all that the resolutions would receive due consideration.

Deal in Lumber

Milwaukee, May 5.—The Interstate Land and Lumber company of Wisconsin today sold 3,000,000 feet of fir in the vicinity of Portland, Ore., to the John Schroeder Lumber company.

A Counterfeiter

LaCrosse, Wis., May 5.—C. A. Hart was arrested today charged with passing counterfeit money. The police believe him to be one of the gang that was in Neenah several weeks ago.

Loot a Bank

Waco, Neb., May 5.—Burglars last night dynamited the bank of this place, destroyed the safe and escaped. Officers are tracking the robbers with bloodhounds. The plunder is estimated at $1000.

DIPLOMATIC PLACES

For H. G. Squires and General P. S. Bragg of Wisconsin

Washington, May 5.—H. G. Squires, secretary of the legation at Pekin, has been appointed minister to Cuba, and General E. S. Bragg of Wisconsin has been selected as consul general at Havana.

Squire's selection fulfills the very first requirements laid down by the president that the minister to Cuba should be a man of diplomatic experience. He has been secretary of the legation at Pekin over four years. His connection with the defense of the legations during the Boxer uprising is highly creditable. He has had military experience and by virtue of that fact was practically in charge of the legation defenses.

General Bragg entered the union army as a captain in 1861 and reached the grade of brigadier general in the regular establishment. He served in congress and was appointed United States minister to Mexico under Cleveland.

COOK COUNTY PRIMARIES

Indications Are That Lorimer is in Control

Chicago, May 5.—The outlook late tonight as a result of today's republican primaries in Cook county is that John J. Hanberg will be nominated for county treasurer; Daniel D. Healy for Sheriff and James Reddick for clerk.

Unless there is an unexpected shifting ex-Congressman Lorimer will be the controlling factor in tomorrow's convention.

ON WALL STREET

Three Big Concerns Fail for a Total of Nearly $5,000,000

SERIOUSLY AFFECTS MARKET

New York, May 5.—Three stock exchange firms, Offenbush & Moore, Henry Bros. & Co. and Lockwood, Hurd & Co., announced suspension at the opening of the market today. The amount of their joint liabilities is estimated at $2,000,000 to $5,000,000; assets unknown.

The day closed with usual rumors of more failures, criminal prosecution and the like. The solvency of several financial institutions of standing was brought into question, but for such rumors there appeared to be absolutely no foundation.

The market was seriously affected by the failures, stocks breaking heavily at the outset, but the closing was fairly steady. Call money opened at 10 per cent, rose as high as 20 and closed at 6.

The failures are directly due to last week's serious decline in a number of industrial stocks.

Following the announcement of the failures, many lots of stocks and a few blocks of bonds were bought and sold "under rule" on the exchange for the account of the insolvent concerns. All told, 3525 shares of Rutland preferred were traded in during the day at 86 to 96, closing at 95, a net loss for the day of 5 points. A rally in Rutland from the low point followed the announcement that the Vanderbilt interests had agreed to take up a block of those shares for the account of some embarrassed speculators. There was practically no trading in the Webb-Meyer stocks.

Wall street's conservative men were almost unanimous in the opinion that the day's happenings had done much to clarify the financial atmosphere.

From $15,000,000 to $25,000,000 was loaned by down town banks and trust companies in the course of the day. The bulk of the money was loaned at 10 to 15 per cent.

The report that the clearing house association had called a meeting to check the rising tendency of the money market was characterized as absurd by Manager Sherror. There was no reason for such action, he said, besides, in his opinion, such a course would offer encouragement to a number if irresponsible interests.

There is no Penalty

Springfield, Ill., May 5.—The demurrer of the defendants in the case of the people ex rel. H. H. Klayer, against the Aetna Fire Insurance company and its agents, was sustained by Judge Shirley of the Sangamon county court. This practically ends the Klayers large number of cases now on the docket. The court holds the law to compel agents to file statements of the amount of business done, imposes a duty on agents that the statute imposes no penalty for a failure to perform that duty and whatever remedy exists is under the revenue act.

Faster Time

New York, May 5.—The officials of the New York Central are planning a schedule reducing the time to Chicago from New York to eighteen hours.

CORRIGAN DEAD

Noted Catholic Bishop Expired When Believed to be Recovering

THE END CAME SUDDENLY

Physicians of the Opinion That Death Was Due to Heart Disease

New York, May 5.—Most Reverend Michael Augustine Corrigan, who died at 11:35 tonight, was born at Newark, N. J., in 1840. His parents came from Leinster, Ireland. Graduating from St. Mary's college he went to Europe to take holy orders. He was one of the students registered at the American college at Rome when it was opened. Although ordained a priest by Cardinal Patrizi in the Lateran Basilica in 1863, he remained in the American college another year and won the degree of doctor of divinity. Dr. Corrigan sailed for home and Bishop Bayly of Newark at once assigned him to a professorship of dogmatic theology and sacred scripture, as well as to a directorship in Seton Hall college. Later Father Corrigan become vice president of theology and when only 28 years of age became president of the institution.

Father Corrigan was consecrated bishop by Cardinal McCloskey May 4, 1873, and during the seven years of his administration did great work in advancing the church interests.

Cardinal McCloskey selected him as coadjutor and October 1, 1890, he was raised to the archiepiscopal see of Petra. On the death of McCloskey he succeeded to the New York see.

The death of Bishop Corrigan was a great surprise and shock. The last bulletin today was very favorable and up to 10:30 there was no evidence of collapse.

At 10:40 the change came, and physicians were summoned and relatives and others were called. In less than a quarter of an hour the archbishop was dead. His last moments were peaceful and without evidence of suffering. Late tonight the physicians express the opinion that death was the result of heart trouble, probably fatty degeneration of the heart.

ANSWER FILED

By the Northern Securities Company in the Merger Case

St. Paul, May 5.—The attorneys for the Northern Securities company today filed an answer in the suit brought by the federal government to enjoin the so-called merger. At the same time individual answers were filed by the various persons interested in the company. The answer is divided into two parts. The first part is largely a denial of the petition as respecting any charge of conspiracy and as respecting the purposes of the organization of the Securities company.

In the second part the purchase of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company is taken up and the reasons for such purchase having been made, it is alleged, are erroneously stated in the petition. The answer goes into great detail in combating the contention of the government as to the reason for the purchase of the Burlington.

The individual answers state that the Securities company as now existing became and is necessary as a defensive measure against the attempts of rival interests gaining control or direction of one or both of the defendant railway companies and defeat the enterprise they had undertaken of establishing a large international and interstate commerce, and that the effect of its organization on interstate commerce must be determined upon the determination of the enterprise as a whole; and that the control of the direction of one of the defendant railway companies by rival interests might impose upon the other all the burdens and joint obligations incurred, amounting to more than $220,000,000, while taking from it all the benefits of the purchase of the Burlington shares.

Red Men Meet

Peoria, Ill., May 5.—The state convention of the Illinois Red Men will convene here tomorrow. Tonight the past sachems' association gave a banquet.

During the afternoon the association elected these officers:

President, W. W. Whitley of Chatham; secretary, W. H. Bluedorn of East St. Louis; treasurer, Charles Cashford of Tuscola; executive committee, W. G. Baker of Moline, R. E. Lawrence of Peoria and Fred V. Maxwell of Macomb.

Steamship Arrivals

New York, May 5.—Minnehaha, from London.

Hamburg—Pennsylvania, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Liverpool—Cymric, from New York.

London—Minneapolis, from New York.

Havre—Lagascogne, from New York.

New York—Lahn, from Genoa, Naples and Gibraltar; Boric, from Liverpool.

SEEKS PROTECTION

Jiminez Capitulates and Goes to the French

Monte Cristo, May 5.—Messengers under a flag of truce who arrived yesterday at Puerto Plata from San Domingo city confirmed reports of the capitulation of the Dominican capital, which occurred Friday.

They also confirmed that President Jiminez sought refuge in the French consulate at San Domingo.

Negotiations are on between the revolutionists and General Deschamps, governor of Puerto Plata, for surrender without an order from the Dominican government.

Natural Gas Explosion

Marion, Ind., May 5.—The building occupied by Fansler's drug store, Bowman's grocery, John Dielday's saloon, John Darnell's saloon and Hudson & Otis' restaurant was demolished by an explosion of escaping natural gas at noon today, injuring scores of people, a number badly. The loss will reach into the thousands.

Makes Concessions

New York, May 5.—It is reported tonight that President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers has been notified that President Baer of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad has made some concessions and that the strike in the anthracite regions may not take place.

DEATH RECORD.

MRS. FRANCES M. SMITH.

Mrs. Frances M. Smith died Sunday morning, May 4th, of old age at her home in Mt. Zion. She was born May 20, 1823, in Kentucky where she spent her girlhood. On December 20, 1842, she married Benjamin M. Smith and came with him to Illinois in 1857. They first lived in Decatur but later moved to Mt. Zion township where she had resided for the past forty years.

Mrs. Smith is survived by eight children. They are Weeden Smith, Mrs. Mary Henderson of Mt. Zion, Mrs. Minerva Humphries of Chicago, Wash S. Smith and Miss Maria Smith of Mt. Zion, Mrs. Nannie Scott of Wheatland township, Mrs. Ann Green of LaPlace and J. Davis Smith of Mt. Zion.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence in Mt. Zion and was very largely attended. The music was furnished by a choir composed of Mrs. S. R. May, Miss Minnie Falconer, S. D. Smith and J. W. Pierson. The floral tributes were many and beautiful. Rev. M. C. Cochrun, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church of Mt. Zion, conducted the services and the interment was in Mt. Zion cemetery. The pallbearers were: Major R. G. Williams, J. F. Roach, T. C. Stoney, George B. Spitler, J. C. Boyce and W. B. Hunter.

WILLIAM HINES.

William Hines, son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hines, died Sunday morning at his home near Mt. Zion of stomach trouble, aged 31 years.

The funeral was held Monday morning at 8 o'clock from the Catholic church in Macon. Rev. Father Mauer officiated and the following acted as pallbearers: William Dunn, Michael Welsh, John Koffman, John Welsh, James Thorpe and Bert Welsh. The services were largely attended.

JESSIE PRICE.

Jessie Price, the 9-daysold daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Price, died Monday morning at the family residence at 904 North Monroe street.

Funeral services were held at the residence Monday afternoon and the interment was at Greenwood.

ENJOY A BANQUET

Members of the Merchants Company Feast at St. Nicholas

Last night at the St. Nicholas hotel the Merchants' Oil Tank company held a banquet and a business meeting. There were about thirty-five present including the stockholders and the employes. At the business meeting the work of the management was thoroughly endorsed by the stockholders. The report of the treasurer showed the business to be in a prosperous condition. Henry Schlie was elected as a director of the company. The following were the toasts:

"Benefits of the Company to the Community"—Ed R. Culver.

"Success of the Company" Henry Schlie.

"National Light Oil and White Rose Gasoline"—Frank Littlefield, secretary, of Springfield.

Toastmaster, "The Superior Brand of Oil Offered by Our Company"—J. B. Fretter of Cleveland, president of the company.

The banquet was a great success, as it showed what the business men of the city can do when united. The menu for the banquet was as follows:

Bouillon.

Planked White Fish, Maitre de Hotel.

Celery. Queen Olives.

Spring Chicken, a la Maryland.

New Peas. New Potatoes, in Cream.

Lettuce and Tomatoes, Mayonnaise.

Manila Ice Cream and Strawberries.

Assorted Cakes.

Toasted Wafers. Edam Cheese.

Cafe Noir.

Word received last night from John I. Pasold, who is in Joliet, to attend the funeral of his mother, who died Sunday, states that the funeral has been postponed until Wednesday afternoon and that Mr. Pasold will return to Decatur Thursday.

THE COLOR LINE

Is Drawn by the Federation of Women's Clubs

A VICTORY FOR THE SOUTH

Fight Has Been Waged for Two Years—Victory Was Decisive

Los Angeles, May 5.—After a two hours' discussion of the question of admission of colored women into the Federation, the anti-colored women won the day when the convention voted overwhelmingly to accept what is known as the compromise amendment agreed upon in New York several weeks ago.

The result was greeted with much applause. It is looked upon as a triumph of the south in their two years' struggle to keep the colored club out of the general organization. The report of the committee to secure a national charter called forth much discussion and entanglement. The committee was instructed to continue the work of accepting the charter and perfecting it under the new organization.

This afternoon Mrs. Perry of Michigan spoke on the "Responsibilities of Women in Municipal Reform"; Mrs. M. E. Trautman of New York on "Means and Methods of Protecting Public Health"; Mrs. Abby Ware of Kansas on "Virtue of Community Life to Social Reform"; Mrs. Georgia Bacon of Massachusetts on "Vacation Schools and Play Grounds"; Mrs. Martha Hoppin of Ohio on "Proper Reformatories for Women and Children"; Mrs. Frederick Schoff of Pennsylvania on "Juvenile Court Law."

DEFEND THE BIRDS.

At the audubon section, Mrs. John T. Illick of Iowa spoke in favor of the protection of bird life, referring especially to the work of the American Ornithologists' Union. She deprecated the use of birds in millinery.

"The educational value of bird study," was the subject given by Mrs. Charles Tolinger of Nebraska. "The economic value of bird life to human life," by Mrs. Eben Smith of Illinois was discussed by Mrs. W. H. Bailey of Iowa, who argued that the characteristics of the birds can be studied without the sacrifice of the life of birds. She deprecated live bird shooting matches and urged women not to use birds in adornment and told of the work done by the Iowa federation.

Other speakers were Miss L. J. Martin of the same university, on "Art for children from the standpoint of physiology," and Mrs. Lillian Duncanson of Chicago, on "Fads in education."

BOOK STORE CLOSED

Mr. Saxton Compelled to Retire from Business because of Financial Difficulty

The J. Edward Saxton book store on Prairie street was closed Monday on a judgment note issued at the instance of the Citizens' National bank. The following is a statement of the liabilities:

Citizens' National bank, note	$1,050
Henry Lyon, note	350
Read Spencer, note	250
Mrs. Kizer, note	300
Open accounts	2,318
Total	$4,268

Mr. Saxton has been in business in Decatur for many years and his present difficulties are said to be due to dull business. There is a likelihood that the store will be opened by a new firm in a few days, but Mr. Saxton stated last evening that he did not expect to be back in business himself.

In Honor of Miss Nelson

Miss May Harwood entertained a few friends at her home on North Morgan street yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Lena Nelson of Chicago. The afternoon was spent with Grand and other games. Refreshments were served.

A Surprise

A pleasant surprise was given Mrs. Downey at her home, 900 East Eldorado street, Saturday night in honor of her forty-third birthday. About thirty-five of her friends were present. Refreshments were served at 10 o'clock.

Washington, May 5. Both the sundry civil appropriation bill and a bill for the purchase of the Rosebud Indian reservation passed the senate.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, May 5. Predictions for Illinois: Showers Tuesday, cooler in south portion; Wednesday fair, probably warmer; fresh north winds.

LOCAL WEATHER.

The following is a record of the temperature for the twenty-four hours ended Monday evening at 7 o'clock as reported by Prof. J. H. Coonradt, government observer:

7 a. m.	59	Highest	7[illegible]
Noon	68	Lowest	5[illegible]
7 p. m.	[illegible]		

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LOCAL AND OTHER GOOD STORIES.

False pride will often lead a man to prevaricate, even when he goes to church, as one young man who was trying to show off recently learned. He took his best girl to church, and when the time for "collection" came round, rather ostentatiously displayed a $5 gold piece. Presuming upon the engagement to marry that had been made bet, the young lady placed a restraining hand upon the arm of her fiance.

OSTENTATIOUS YOUNG MAN RECEIVED AN AWFUL SHOCK

"Why, don't be so extravagant, George," she exclaimed.

"Oh, that's nothing," he replied, "I always give $5 when I go to a strange church."

Just then the deacon came with the plate, and George dropped a coin. Evidently scored favorable, and the young man beamed with a sense of generosity. Then the minister made the announcements for the week and concluded with the wholly unexpected announcement of the day's collection.

"The collection today," said he, "was $3.75."

George hadn't much to say all the way to his fiancee's home.

* * *

One day during the past week a reporter for The Herald was desirous of seeing a prominent minister in relation to a news matter and tried to locate the divine by telephone in order to save time. He called for his residence and got it, but the line seemed to be in trouble. The reporter was used to "lines in trouble." That is a complaint with telephones in this city, but this case seemed especially aggravating.

HERALD MAN WALKS TWELVE BLOCKS AND THEN TUMBLES.

"Where can I find Dr. W. H. - ?" he howled loud enough for the person who was twelve blocks away to have heard by merely stepping out of doors.

A strange jumble came back over the line, "At der storeday."

"At the store today. What store?"

"No he be at der storeday."

The exasperated newspaper man demanded that Central give him the right number, that a better connection be made and that the telephone service was abominable and always had been and never promised to be any better. The operator attempts for better service were productive of nothing more intelligible than the conversation preceding. The answer always came over the line in a mixed up mess, and the reporter gave up in disgust and walked to the preacher's home, vowing vengeance on miserable telephones. The door was answered by a stout German girl, and the newspaper man asked, "Where can I find Doctor - ?"

"At der storeday."

Just then the reporter tumbled. The pastor was at the study in the church, and that was what the girl had been trying to tell him over the telephone. As he walked back to town he mentally kicked himself all the way, but he did not go and tell the telephone company that it was undeserving of the "blessing" he had given it over the line and on his way out to the preacher's, for he reasoned that it was guilty of sufficient other shortcomings to entitle it to one curse that it did not deserve.

* * *

"About a year ago The Herald gave us a column or so on the trials of the druggist, but you did not get in all of our trouble," said a dealer in drugs to a reporter. We have daily encounters with 'dope' fiends and the man who never buys anything but a postage stamp or a postal card, but some of our funniest experiences are those with children who come with notes. Here are a few samples collected during my time in the business."

DRUGGIST EXHIBITS SOME CURIOUS WRITTEN ORDERS SENT HIM.

"I have a cute pain in my baby's stomack. Please give bearer something to cure it."

"My little girl has eat up a lot of buttons. Please send a nemetic by the enclosed boy."

"Dear doctor, a dog bit my child on the leg please send some cork plaster and cutter eyes."

"Please send by bearer one postal card. Also kindly give bearer, my son, some licories root."

"Deer doctor wot is good for tirefoy fever send some quick I got it."

"Let my Johnny have a glass of sody water. I wud come myself but I am washing. P. S. the two cents is for the sody water."

"If you can fill the enclosed prescription for 25 cents do so. If not return by bearer."

* * *

"Some time ago you published an amusing little account in reference to a juvenile prayer and I have got one being in my own family. I think that it is a little bit better. The other night my wife put our little girl to bed and she prepared to repeat her regular prayer, which she finished and then solemnly announced that she had something else to pray about which she did not want my wife to hear. All persuasion failed and Mrs. H - - finally got up and left the room, but she stopped at the door and listened to the supplication, which ran something like this: 'And now, dear God, it is only this. I just want to thank you for being 'lowed to steal some sugar this day.'"

ANOTHER JUVENILE PRAYER THAT IS NOT HALF BAD.

* * *

There is a charming young lady who devotes her Sunday energies to guiding the footsteps of a miscellaneous assortment of boys along the paths trod by the meek and lowly One. She has an aureole of hair, the sunkissed kind, variously described from strawberry blonde to brindle according to the extent of the color blindness of the person who supplies the description. Persons who are envious don't try to run the scale. They say she is red-headed. Last Sunday while the school was in session the minister arose and made a few announcements, and waving his arms like the wings of a Dutch windmill as the organ pealed forth shouted:

"Now lets all join in. Now—Ready, sing."

The smart small boy in the class of the young lady referred to noticed that she did not obey the instruction, and asked:

THE SMALL BOY'S INTERPRETATION WAS NOT EXACTLY LITERAL

"Why don't you sing, Miss Frisbee?"

"Me? Oh, I never sing," she replied, smiling her prettiest.

"But," continued the boy, "the minister says you must. Didn't he just say, 'Now, Reddy, sing?'"

Smelling salts and numerous other restoratives had to be used to bring the teacher out of her faint.

* * *

The new reporter came in the other evening and handed the city editor an account of a wedding upon which the editor frowned and offered this criticism: "You say here that the bride led to the altar. You should have said: 'That she was led to the altar.' "Is that so?" said the reporter, "that shows that you don't know everything. I happen to know that bride. She is thirty-eight years old and the victim is only thirty and it is a cinch that she led all the way and will continue to lead. If you want to be accurate as you are always telling me to be you had better let it go the way that it is written."

NEW REPORTER KNEW WHAT HE WAS TALKING ABOUT.

* * *

It would never do to give names in this case, but the joke on the bride is too good to keep. It was so good, in fact, that a bridegroom who recently returned from his honeymoon confided it to a friend and the friend told it to a reporter. They had gone to Chicago and stopped at one of the big hotels and were assigned to a handsome room, but unluckily for bride she did not pay as much attention to the number as she should have done, but was positive that she knew the location. The second afternoon there she went to call on a friend leaving her husband alone in the room. She came back and leaving the elevator hurried down the hallway, turned into another and stopping at what she supposed was her room, tried the handle and found the door locked. Without making an examination she hastily rapped, saying:

BRIDE'S MISTAKE AT THE DOOR OF THE BATH ROOM.

"George dear, let me in."

There was no reply, although she heard some one moving about. Another rap, and the same appeal, but only prolonged silence. Next time she rapped more vigorously and in her most plaintive and loving tone said:

"Honey, won't you open the door."

Then came a deep, strange, cavernous voice, which said:

"Go wan, What you take this for—a bee hive?"

The startled bride glanced up and in big bold letters saw the words:

BATH ROOM.

A short distance down the hall a door opened and George appeared in time to catch the drooping figure in his arms, and reassure her that the man in the bath room would never know who it was anyway.

* * *

When a Water street drug clerk saw three intoxicated men enter his store very late the other night he anticipated some sort of trouble and stepped behind the counter with a business smile and the intent to use diplomacy in the promised negotiations.

HOW THE TREATING HABIT AFFECTED THREE MEN

The three men were well dressed, though their toilets were very much disheveled and their silk hats very far back on their heads. Each one was chewing an unlighted cigar and bore a facial expression that told of befuddled brains. They "lined up" along the counter, with their elbows on the showcases, looked at the troubled clerk and then around the store.

"What'l'u have?" asked one of them.

"Tooth brush," answered the man next to him, as he looked in the case under his elbows.

"Same," said the other man.

"Me too," chimed in the first speaker.

Out came a large basket of tooth brushes, which the clerk spread in front of his customers. Each one selected a 30-cent brush, and put it in his pocket. The clerk breathed a sigh of relief as the treater handed him a dollar bill.

"Hol' on a min't," said the worst wrecked man of the three, "take one on me. Han' out th' soap."

Out came an assorted variety of toilet soap, and each man selected a cake. Another dollar bill was handed to the clerk.

The three stood for a minute smelling the soap in apparent enjoyment, and then deposited it in their pockets.

"One more 'fore we go," said the third man. "Wh'l'l he?"

"I'll take licorice in mine," answered one of the others.

"A'right, lickeris for three," added the third man.

The licorice was at once produced, and each man selected a stick. The bill was paid, and, having thrown their cigar stumps on the floor, they marched out with the sticks of licorice between their lips, much to the relief of the the clerk.

* * *

A North Water street grocer tells of a case of absent-mindedness equal to one which occurred in the Herald office a few years ago when one of the printers split in a tool box and threw the tool he had in his hand on the floor. The grocer avers that the other evening a patron came into his store carrying his little baby on his arm and a coal oil can in the other hand. Walking up to the counter he placed the can there with infinite care and tender love, and looking at its said:

THIS WAS A CASE OF BEING ABSENT MINDED.

"Sit there a moment, dearie."

Then handing the baby across the counter with a business-like air he said to the clerk:

"Put a gallon of kerosene in this, please."

* * *

Decatur has a medical man who is not above sitting into a quiet and friendly game when the occasion is offered. One night recently when the rain was pouring down in torrents he made his way to his library and determined to have a quiet and profitable evening by himself. He was just getting interested in his literature when the bell rang and the doctor started. He had a premonition that some one wanted his services. That is always a doctor's luck when he has prepared for an evening at home. He had posted the servant beforehand, but listened to this conversation when the door was opened.

WAS READY TO OPERATE ON THE JACKPOT WITHOUT URGING.

"The doctor is wanted right away," began the caller.

"He can't go, sir," answered the servant, interrupting. "He left word that he was not feeling well and that not unless it was a case of life or death would he venture out.

"Well, the case is urgent,' answered the man at the door, "but not quite as serious as that. You tell Doc that we need him over to Will's to operate on a jackpot."

"All right, Jim; I'll be there in a jiffy" came from the library before the servant could even say that the message would be delivered.

* * *

The smart travelling man learned something in a Decatur hotel the other day. He called a not too intelligent-looking waiter girl to his side and for the benefit of his friends thought he would have some sport. "Do you know," he said, "that stuff there is not butter but oleomargarine. I am going to spell the word for the waiter and ask her to pronounce it. I'll bet she won't know what it means." Turning to the girl he said, with that easy familiarity of the tourist: "Sister how do you pronounce o-l-e-o-m-a-r-g-a-r-i-n-e?" Quick as a flash the girl answered: "Well, in order to hold my job here I pronounce it butter, but I know better," and the crowd around the table roared.

SHE PRONOUNCED IT BUTTER IN ORDER TO HOLD HER JOB.

* * *

Whether the boys say all the bright things that are credited to them or not is a question open to debate but at least a good many of the things credited to them are worth repeating.

THE RESPONSE OF THIS BOY WAS TOO MUCH FOR THE TEACHER

A High school teacher who thoroughly enjoyed the retort, gave to one of his pupils a problem in algebra. It was simple enough and easy to answer but the pupil was unable to respond. The teacher gave him a reasonable time and then said:

"You should be able to answer that. Why, my boy, at your age, George Washington was a surveyor."

"True, sir," answered the pupil, "and equally true that at your age he lead a victorious army that secured our independence and was president of the United States."

Early Illinois Congressional History

When Illinois was first admitted to the Union as a state it was represented in congress by one member. Congressional representation is based on population of course and that was all we were entitled to in those days. Now we have twenty-two members twenty-two fights for the honor of sitting in the national halls of legislation where we formerly had but one. While the numerical strength has changed the conditions have not for the same ambition spurred the pioneers to seek political preferment at the hands of their fellow citizens then as now. It is safe to say, however, that politics in those days were cleaner than they are now. The "moocher" was not the busy man that he is today, and men voted more from principle than now. Corruption funds did not determine the result at the ballot box instead of the honestly expressed sentiments of the electors. As much partisanship may have entered the contest, because feeling at times ran high. It was not until 1830 that the state was divided into three congressional districts and Illinois had a delegation at Washington. That delegation did not ordinarily go down to Washington with a pocket full of passes either, but they probably would have done so had there been any to give out for it's a weakness of frail humanity to want to ride on a pass over the railroad or to go to a circus on a free ticket.

The first Illinois representative in congress was Daniel P. Cook of Kaskaskia, the first state capital, which is now only a memory and a sand heap down in the southern part of the state, but at that time a thriving and promising town. His services seem to have been acceptable to the people for he served from 1818 until 1827 without interruption. Elections in those days seemed to have more fully appreciated the value of experience and did not change their representatives on every little pretext. Joseph Duncan of Jacksonville succeeded Mr. Cook as the state's sole representative, serving from 1827 to 1833.

The census of 1830 showed that the state had grown in population and importance, entitling it to three members in Washington. From the first district, John Reynolds of Belleville, from the second district Zadok Casey of Mt. Vernon and from the third district Joseph Duncan of Jacksonville were elected. Mr. Duncan resigned in 1834 to be elected governor and was succeeded by William L. May, of Springfield. Messrs. May, Reynolds and Casey were reelected in 1834. In 1836 Adam W. Snyder of Belleville and Messrs. Casey and May were elected, and the same three congressmen were chosen in 1840.

Previous to 1843 the entire state had but the three congressional districts, two of them small affairs in the southern part of the state and the rest comprising what was known as the great northern district. In 1843 John T. Stuart of Springfield the whig candidate and Stephen A. Douglas, of Jacksonville, the democratic candidate, canvassed the great northern district for the congressional prize, and after a notable contest Stuart won by seven votes, being the first whig congressman elected in Illinois.

The census of 1840 gave Illinois four additional congressmen, and the election was postponed a year to get the benefit of the new apportionment by the legislature which adjourned on March 6, 1843. The whig convention for the seventh district was called to meet at Pekin in May 1843. About this time the nomination was more eagerly sought after than previously and the conventions generally found two or more men anxious to carry the banner of the party in the fight at the polls. At this convention there were two aspirants, Edward D. Baker of Springfield and John J. Hardin of Jacksonville, two cities that still retain their proclivity of producing men seeking political preferment.

In those days men had a strong sense of honor. There has been a decadence since, especially of political honor. At this Pekin convention the fight was close and bitter. It was composed of thirty one delegates, fifteen for Baker and fifteen for Hardin. General Ruggles was a delegate and about the last to reach the town where the meeting was held. He was at once approached by General Baker, who felt of him by explaining the division of the convention, and saying: "Well, how is it going to be?" Ruggles looked at him and said: "General, you know that personally I favor you, but the people who sent me here are for Hardin." Baker looked at him and said: "That settles it—you will have to go for him." A delegate of today placed in the same position as was General Ruggles would more than likely be taken off in a dark corner and shown a big roll, with the chances of its eloquence effectually appealing to him. Abraham Lincoln was a member of that convention, and advocated the interests of Baker, but was beaten by William Brown, of Jacksonville, who looked after Hardin's case. After the nomination had been made Lincoln put the convention on record for two years later. He crossed the room to General Ruggles and asked him if he would favor a resolution declaring for Baker two years hence, and being answered in the affirmative said: "You prepare the resolution I'll support it, and I think that we can carry it." The resolution was presented, precipitated a lively fight, but when it came to a vote, Ruggles being free to act as he pleased, voted for it, and it was adopted by one vote. The next convention of the district was held at Tremont in 1844, and Baker was nominated without opposition. On the 30th of December, 1846, Col. Baker returned from the Mexican war, went to his seat in congress in full military uniform, made a flaming military speech and resigned, returning to the field. Col. John Henry of Jacksonville was elected to succeed him.

The convention which first nominated Abraham Lincoln for congress was held in Mt. Pulaski in 1846. He was the only whig candidate and had for his opponent in the canvass which followed, Peter Cartwright, the famous pioneer preacher of Methodism.

In 1848 Stephen T. Logan was the only whig candidate and was beaten by Major Thomas L. Harris of Petersburg, who had just returned from Mexico stocked with the honors of war.

In 1850 Richard Yates of Jacksonville took the measure of Major Harris and repeated it in 1852. This last was an exciting campaign. Harris had been telling untruths about Yates, and the latter was to meet him at Mechanicsburg in joint debate. He was accompanied there by Lincoln and other prominent men of Central Illinois. The war governor said that if Harris repeated his tactics he would give him the lie in open meeting. The occasion presented itself and the governor kept his word. It was expected that trouble would result. Harris left the meeting first but waited at the door surrounded by his friends. When Yates and his party emerged from the building they found Harris standing there with a large knife in one hand and a plug of tobacco in the other. It looked suspicious and there was an involuntary pause as the democrat stepped rapidly forward and remarked: "Knowing you gentlemen to be good judges of chewing tobacco I present this plug to you," at the same time cutting it in pieces and passing it around. It was accepted with thanks and there was a feeling of relief that no fighting was to follow the exciting events of the meeting a short time before.

The action of some of these early conventions might lead to the conclusion that there was a plan of rotation among the leaders to land certain men in congress but the facts do not support the theory. There was less political selfishness in those days and more willingness to pass political honors around than is now.

It was a noble coterie of men who represented the old seventh district in those days—Hardin, who was slain in the battle of Buena Vista, Baker, at Balls Bluff, and Lincoln at the national capital, three martyrs to their country and their party.

ONE AS GOOD AS THE OTHER

Li Hung Chang's Opinion of the Christian and Chinese Deities

When Mr. Conger first went to China as the minister of the United States he and Viceroy Li Hung Chang were having a friendly visit when a clerk brought in a large bundle of Des Moines daily papers.

The Chinese diplomat asked the minister if he read all his papers and was answered in the affirmative. Earl Li commented upon the answer and said that China's greatest need was an up-to-date press with daily issues. Mr. Conger replied that although his papers were six weeks old he found them interesting reading and that in the latest issues he saw that the people from his state were suffering from the effects of a drouth and were praying for rain.

"What!" said Earl Li. "Do your people pray for rain?"

"Yes, some of them."

"Does it rain?"

"Sometimes it does and sometimes it does not."

"Well," said the crafty Li with a smile, "your God is a good deal like the Chinaman's joss. The white man prays for rain and the Chinaman prays for sun. Meanwhile it seems to shine or shower about as it pleases."

Dr Parker on Debt

"Some creditors push their debtors more than others do. In some churches, I understand," says Dr. Joseph Parker, "it is the practice of men who carry collection boxes round to nudge a man who would shirk his responsibilities.

"One case is reported actually to have occurred, and the following conversation took place in a vigorous whisper:—

"'I cannot give anything; I am so much in debt.'

"'You are in debt to Almighty God.'

"'I know that; but He ain't pushing me like my other creditors.'"

Fireman Hays Lowe Has Quit the Stormy Seas

Hays Lowe, who has for a number of years been on the high seas, has returned to Decatur, the place of his birth, and expects to give up his seafaring life and make his home in this city. A number of years ago Lowe concluded that he wanted something of ocean life and went to Newport News, whence he sailed for Liverpool in a Chesapeake & Ohio steamer. He went as a laborer, assisting in the care of cattle. Speaking of his experience, he said:

"You can't get a job as fireman on an ocean steamer until you can show your discharge papers from some other vessel. It is difficult to get a place as fireman. After I had made a trip as a cattle hand I made application for a position as coal passer. That's the way all firemen are tried. Having served in that position and demonstrated that I could stand the heat, I got a trial as fireman. Firing an ocean steamer is hard work. The watches are four hours on and eight hours off and you need all of that time, too, for rest and sleep. I'll tell you. The furnaces are down in the extreme bottom of the hold. The heat there is intense, up above 100 all the time. It runs as high as 120. No, a man does not strip. He couldn't stand that. The heat would blister him. Generally he removes all of his clothes except a suit of underwear and overalls. There is an air passage leading from the furnace room directly to the deck. There is an arrangement to bring fresh air to the furnace room through big pipes. Sometimes when the wind is blowing we depend on the wind for our supply of fresh air and at other times there is a fan forcing air to us. We could not live in that place if there was not some method of ventilation.

Most of my work was on freight steamers, although I made one trip on the City of Rome, one of the big passenger vessels. I prefer freight for the reason that you don't get to port so quick and have your money longer. Generally a sailor is broke after reaching port. We could always get money, though. The steward is generally a money lender, but he charges frightful rates of interest. If I borrowed $5 from him it would be $7.50 when I paid it maybe ten days or two weeks later. Nearly all of the vessels carry passengers, although they are not all greyhounds. A seaman cannot, under the rules, get anything to drink, that is, he is not permitted be buy anything at the bar, but when there are passengers on board it is easy. The passenger wants a chance to talk to the sailors and they will spin him a yarn in short order that will induce him to buy. It's never any trouble to get something to drink. Most of my experience was in trans-Atlantic service, although when in the old country I made a number of short trips like from Liverpool to Amsterdam and from one British port to another. I did some coast work in this country, going to Mexico. I preferred to sail on vessels flying the American flag. There the best wages were paid. You sign papers for a round trip and are paid on American vessels at the rate of $45 per month when you go as fireman. On English and other foreign vessels you are paid at the rate of from four to eight pounds sterling. The American vessels are the best in other ways. The British captain will not take an American if he can get an Englishman, although he knows that the American is fully as capable. He is prejudiced against the Americans. They all are and they are jealous. The men are under the engineers. There you are liable to fines for various infractions of rules, the most common being in relation to shore leave. During the time that the vessels are in port you are not supposed to be away from the boat beyond a certain length of time. Knowing the sailing day we often stayed away. Of course we were fined five shillings, but we would be willing to pay that much for the privilege of staying ashore. The chances are that if you were working under an American engineer you would square yourself before pay day. You could do that by cleaning up the ashes and giving especial attention to your work and he would recommend to the captain that the fine be remitted.

I did not have any especially interesting experiences except that our vessel one time burned at sea. I was firing on the Hestia of the Donaldson line. We carried a general cargo bound for Glasgow and three days out discovered fire. That was in the summer of 1899. I think it was in August but am not certain. I remember that it was warm weather. We had several hundred thousand bushels of wheat on board and for that reason, when the fire was discovered, could not use the water. You see, if we had turned water into the hold, the moisture would have swelled the grain until the vessel had burst. Consequently they tried to smother the flames. We fought the fire for five days, all of the time under high pressure of steam, doing everything possible to reach the other side before the fire would compel us to abandon the ship. But we couldn't do it. That happens many times, though. Sometimes ships burn during all of the voyage across the Atlantic. On the fifth day after the fire was discovered we abandoned the vessel and blew her up with dynamite. That was so she would be certain to sink. Sometimes vessels sink only partially, or after going down come to the surface, or nearly so, and are thus a great danger to other vessels. We left the ship about 4 p. m. The weather was calm, the sea being choppy. We had four lifeboats and the captain's gig. The captain was the last man to leave the ship. A picked crew of six men was chosen for his gig. After we were well out of the way the captain touched an electric button that lighted the fuse leading to the dynamite. Then he got into his gig and the crew rowed away as fast as they could. Perhaps twenty minutes after we had left the ship the explosion occurred. There was a dull roar and the vessel settled out of sight. The dynamite to blow up the vessel was stored in the tunnel. That is the space occupied by the shaft which extends from the engine to the propeller. I don't know how much dynamite they used to blow up the ship. After the captain and his crew overtook the other four boats, the gig was abandoned and all of the men got into the life boats. They are about 36 feet in length and 7 feet deep and nearly as broad. We had from eighteen to twenty-six men in each boat. There were eighty of us all told. There was no particular hardship, although we were in open boats for four days. The weather was pleasant and after four days we were picked up by the Anthia of the Donaldson line. She was light coming back to Baltimore. We went to Baltimore on that vessel and then went to Glasgow with her and there we were paid. We were allowed full time from the day we left Baltimore on the Hestia. I can't say that I had any feeling of fear when we abandoned the burning vessel, only a little nervousness.

I have seen some storms that were severe. One time it stormed from the time we started until we landed on this side and we were twenty-eight days making the trip. I was not sea sick. In all of my experience on the ocean I did not suffer in that way. But I have seen others get sick and I think it must be an awful feeling.

Reflections of a Bachelor

Most divorce suits have a wedding fee in sight.

Meditation after marriage is wisdom gone to seed.

It is the undiscovered fool who has never found any one to share his money.

The word romance is a kind expression for things that are hidden from view.

The woman astride on a horse proves that fashion sometimes follows impulse.—New York Times.

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In Lippincott's Magazine there is an article on "Trappist Monks," by John Ball Osborne, from which the following pathetic fact is quoted: "Many letters come to the monastery announcing the death of relatives of the monks; these are seen by the abbot only, and at chapter he may simply announce: 'The mother of one of our number is dead; let us pray for her soul.' Never to his dying day does the bereaved Trappist learn that he was praying for his own mother."

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without taking a fee from them
is why he continues his visits ye
year while other specialists have
few visits and ceased to return.

An eminently successful spec
all chronic cases, proven by t
cures effected in chron case
had baffled the skill of all oth
cians, will be at the

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MAY 7, 1902

(One day only) and return every
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ear, stomach, liver and kidney
rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia
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WIND, RAIN AND

Iowa and Nebraska Towns
Some Damage

Omaha, May 3.—A severe
lightning, wind and rain, re
Waterloo to Odwein Ia., a
section at 5 o'clock I s aft
extent of damage is not yet
it was most serious in the
Dowar, ten miles east of W
that point all wires of telegra
phone companies we blow
is feared the storm to have
tions at some points.

Sioux City, Ia., M. 3.—
damage was done by a wi
storm in northwestern Iowa
Sheldon the loss will amou
thousands of dollars. Stock
verely.

Eldora, Ia., May 3.—A st
did considerable dam age
north this afternoon. One r
a school house were destro

There is more cat rrh in
of the country than all o
put together, and until
years was supposed to be
For a great many years
nounced it a local disea
scribed local remedies and
ly failing to cure with he
pronounced it incurable.
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He treats all curable cases of catarrh nose, throat, and lung diseases, eye and ear, stomach, liver and kidneys, gravel, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, nervous and heart diseases, blood and skin diseases, Bright's disease, and consumption in early stages, disease of bladder and female organs

STAMMERING Cured and return prevented.

A never failing remedy for Big Neck.

Every case of PILES, FISTULAE and RUPTURE guaranteed cured without DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Sexual Weakness and Private Diseases a Specialty

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Gleet Spermatorrhoea, Seminal weakness, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood and the effects of Early Vice or Excess, producing Emissions, Debility, Dizziness, Defective Memory.

They are POSITIVELY CURED. No return of the trouble.

Wonderful Cures

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures.

He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures thousands given up to die.

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145 Oakwood Boulevard Flat 13, Chicago, Ill.

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WIND, RAIN AND HAIL

Iowa and Nebraska Towns Again Suffer Some Damage

Omaha, May 3.—A severe storm of lightning, wind and rain, reaching from Waterloo to Odwein, Ia., struck that section at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The extent of damage is not yet known, but it was most serious in the vicinity of Dewar, ten miles east of Waterloo. At that point all wires of telegraph and telephone companies were blown down. It is feared the storm took cyclonic proportions at some points.

Sioux City, Ia., May 3.—Considerable damage was done by a wind and hail storm in northwestern Iowa today. Near Sheldon the loss will amount to many thousands of dollars. Stock suffered severely.

Eldora, Ia., May 3.—A small tornado did considerable damage two miles north this afternoon. One residence and a school house were destroyed.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

History Of The Presbyterian Church and Sabbath School

By request of the pastor and members of the First Presbyterian church the appended histories of the church and Sunday school are here printed together.

To the general public they will be interesting as an account of the foundation and growth of one of those organizations that make for the best interests of any city.

To the members of the church whose history is recounted they will recall many who have gone to their reward, but whose work lives after them.

The history of the church was prepared by Dr. S. E. McClelland and delivered Thursday evening at the first service of the semi-centennial celebration of the institution of the Presbyterian church in this city.

The First Presbyterian church of Decatur, Illinois, was organized at the home of Mr. Samuel Powers May 1st, 1852, by the Rev. Robert H. Lilly with the following ten members: Mr. David Hopkins, Mrs. Catherine Hopkins, Miss Lydia Hopkins, Mr. John Nicholson, Mrs. Julia Nicholson, Mr. Robert Maffitt, Mrs. Nancy Eager and Miss Agnes McCornie.

Mr. David Hopkins was elected ruling elder. Rev. A. F. Pratt ministered to the church for one year, being succeeded by Rev. David Monfort, in May, 1853. He remained in charge until October, 1854. From November, 1854, to the spring of 1857 Rev. E. W. Thayer supplied and was in turn followed by Rev. P. D. Young, who served the church until April, 1858. In July of the same year Rev. T. M. Orviatt was invited to take charge of the church for one year. In March of the following year he was called as the first regular pastor, and continued his services until the spring of 1861. Since that time the church has had five pastors as follows: September, 1863, to June, 1865, Rev. D. C. Marquis; June, 1867, to September, 1868, Rev. Samuel Conn; June, 1869 to June, 1873, Rev. J. E. Moffatt; April, 1874, to May, 1876, Rev. Robert MacKenzie; November, 1876, to May, 1889, Rev. W. H. Prestley. The present pastor, Rev. W. H. Penhallegon, D. D., was called July, 1889, entered upon his work September 1st and was installed in October.

After the organization services were first held in the old brick court house located on the south side of Lincoln square and after that in the Masonic building located on the Powers lot where Sewill's store now stands. In 1855, Dr. J. E. Roberts, who was at that time an elder, gave the church the use of a lot located on East Main street where Bachman's furniture store is now situated. A frame building costing $400 was erected and services were held there until June, 1856. This building was sold to Mr. W. F. Rusher and used for a shoe store. Kramer and McClelland used it later for a wagon shop. While the members of the congregation were worshiping in this building they purchased the lot on Prairie avenue and began the erection of the brick church. They moved to the basement of the same in June, 1856. The building was completed and dedicated in 1859. It is said that Mr. Samuel Powers started the subscription paper for the building. After moving into the church, when no janitor was provided, Dr. J. E. Roberts and Mr. J. A. Close would go to the church on Saturday nights after closing their places of business, and saw wood for heating the church on Sunday. These two men played an important part in the early history of the church and both were held in high esteem.

August 17th, 1867, during Rev. Conn's pastorate, my mother became a member and my brother Clarence, sister Anna and myself were baptized.

The cornerstone of the present edifice was laid October 9th, 1890, and the church was opened for divine worship Sunday morning, July 10th, 1892, the pastor conducting the services and preaching the sermon. The formal dedicatory services were held the following Tuesday evening, July 12th, the sermon being preached by Rev. S. J. McPherson, D. D., of Chicago.

The church was erected at a cost of $85,000, and was dedicated free of indebtedness. It would be interesting to know the number received into the church, the number baptized, and the number of deaths since the organization, but this I have been unable to learn.

The membership is now 675. All the charter members are now dead, and as we look back through the vista of these fifty years we note with feelings of reverence the names of the many faithful members who have played such a prominent part in the church's history, and who one by one have joined the silent majority and passed to their reward.

As I think of my Sunday school teachers, three of whom are here tonight, it is with a deep sense of gratitude that I say I shall cherish the lessons which they taught me as long as my memory lasts.

Of the two familiar figures, who for thirty years have ushered up and down the aisles of the old church and the new, I am sure that I voice the sentiment of scores of people when I say their lives have been an inspiration to all.

The church has been fortunate in having among its pastors able men. Revs. Pratt, Monfort and Oviatt are now dead.

Revs. D. C. Marquis, D. D., is a professor in the McCormick seminary of Chicago.

Rev. Samuel Conn is pastor of the Presbyterian church at Gilroy, Cal.

Rev. J. E. Moffatt is pastor of the Presbyterian church at Cumberland, Md.

Rev. Robert MacKenzie, D. D., is pastor of the Rutgers Presbyterian church of New York city.

Rev. W. H. Prestley is pastor of the Presbyterian church at Newton, Ill.

In 1889, when Rev. Prestley, after nearly thirteen years of faithful and laborious work, having greatly strengthened the work at the old church, and organizing the work at College street chapel, resigned for a much needed rest you were without a elder. Dr. Penhallegon, after a very successful pastorate of eight years at Streator, Ill., where he had just completed the building of a new church, came among you, and in three years, with your loyal support, dedicated to God this beautiful temple, which is credit to any congregation, or any city.

Westminster chapel has also been added during his pastorate, and as a natural result of the growth and development at both Westminster and College street chapels, they must soon be constituted into independent churches.

A parsonage worth $6000 has been built, $4000 of this amount coming from the sale of the old parsonage, the gift of Mrs. Wilkinson.

In justice to the many others who have had an active part in the history of the church, personal mention should be made, but in the brief space allotted to this paper, time will not permit. Their faithfulness, loyalty, their generous gifts and self-sacrifice are matters of history known to all. The nakept records—historical facts and sacred memories echoing forth from the hallowed walls of the old church and the new, stimulates us to a nobler purpose and a higher aim.

Tonight we meet, the past with the present. All who have had any part in the history of this church rejoice in the Golden Anniversary. It has rounded out its fifty milestones. We welcome you to the semi-centennial. The imperfections of the past we leave to Him who tempers justice with mercy. Its future we trust to His guidance.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

The following excellent historical sketch of the Presbyterian Sunday school was read at the Friday evening services in the semi-centennial celebration of the church by Mrs. A. E. Murphy:

Mrs. Murphy has been in the Sunday school work almost since its beginning and supplemented her personal recollections with data secured from records and conversations with some of the pupils of the first Sunday school. The following extracts are taken from her admirable paper:

The first mention of the Sunday school in the church records is in 1858, but it was organized about 1852 and Rev. Mr. Pratt, the first pastor, was also superintendent of the Sunday school. At that time it was held in the basement of the brick court house. The first accurate statistics that appear on the records show that in 1858 there were 60 scholars. The same year a minute of the proceedings of the church session shows that it was decided to purchase a library if the sum of $30.75 could be raised. Dr. J. E. Roberts and Elder David Hopkins were among those prominently connected with the early school. Besides the gentlemen named the following were among the earlier teachers: W. T. Wells, George Morehouse, Samuel Roberts, W. O. Jones, Mrs. Captain Brown, Mrs. Orlando Powers, Mrs. Hader, Mrs. A. T. Hill, Mrs. Josiah Brown and others whose names can not be learned

In the winter of 1858-59 the new church on Prairie street, now the Abbott property, was occupied and W. T. Wells became superintendent, serving almost continuously for twenty-five years, until his resignation in 1887. To him especially was due the effective organization of the early school. The infant class was the special charge of George Morehouse and Mrs. Hader. In spite of the many inconveniences, the lack of separate class rooms, international lessons, etc., a great school was built up. In 1867, during the pastorate of Dr. MacKenzie, a class of thirty young people was admitted to the church, all of whom were from the Sunday school.

It was about this time that the primary department was separated from the advanced scholars and Captain R. P. Lytle and Miss Mattie Beaman were in charge of the primary department. The Presbyterian was the first Sunday school in this city to recognize the advantages of this separation.

While there are no records of the workers of that time these are remembered as teachers: Miss Jennie Leiby, Mr. Dustman, Miss Nellie Dustman, Mrs. Ira Barnes, Miss Maggie Lieper, Miss Lizzie Lieper (now Mrs. Wallace), I. F. Brown (then principal of the high school), S. G. Malone and many others.

A second church was formed about 1867-68 and W. T. Wells and George Morehouse were identified with it until 1870, when the two churches consolidated. During those years John H. Leidigh and P. W. Taylor were in charge of the Sunday school.

For 1885 a very complete record by Mr. Wells shows a total of 320 scholars with 26 teachers in the advanced department. Of the latter just half are active workers in the Sunday school today, seventeen years later.

Prior to 1885 Mrs. W. R. Scruggs was in charge of the primary department with Miss Lillie Chadsey as assistant. In 1885 Mrs. Mattie E. Kerr took charge of the primary department, continuing until 1890.

After Mr. Wells resigned in 1887, Captain Robert Lytle took up the duties of superintendent and successfully carried them out until 1890.

Getting down to more modern history of the Sunday school, Mr. A. H. Mills took charge of the school in 1890 and is finishing his twelfth year. Miss Chadsey has had charge of the primary department and Mrs. R. G. Simpson of the infant class.

Any history of the Sunday school would be incomplete without a reference to the Roll of Honor, those who have finished their work and gone before. Besides those previously mentioned might be named Charles Ewing, J. K. Warren, Mrs. O. Z. Greene, Miss Belle Fulton, B. I. Sterritt, Mrs. Rachel Roberts, Miss Minnie Brown, Mrs. I. E. Brown and R. G. Wells and Joseph Love, who were superintendents of the College street Sunday school.

Among those who have been longest in the service of the Sunday school should be mentioned Mrs. A. E. Murphy, Mrs. I. N. Barnes, who has been an active worker in the Sunday school ever since 1863, with the exception of a year, which she spent in Europe, and Mrs. A. T. Hill, whose term of service is even longer, extending from 1858 to date, with only one gap of two years. Mr. J. A. Close, who was the first librarian, served in that capacity for twenty-five years.

No Loss of time

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning.—H. R. Phelps, Plymouth, Oklahoma. As will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. For sale by all druggists.

NEARBY TOWNS

WELDON.

J. J. Miles and family drove to Cisco Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Miller returned to their home at Sullivan Wednesday.

Thomas and James Pearl were in Clinton on business Wednesday.

Alfred Dillow went to Bloomington Saturday to visit his parents.

Jacob Zorger is still confined to his bed and improves but slowly.

M. A. Foger returned home from Gibson Monday.

Harry Swigart and children were in town Saturday. He lives about seven miles north of here on the Jacob Swigart farm.

Charles Costley visited near Champaign last week.

Worship Gray, Jr. and son Thomas went to Clinton Saturday where they visited over Sunday.

Grant Phares is very sick with lung fever. Dr. Myers from Clinton was called to see him Monday.

CERRO GORDO.

S. L. Landis returned from his visit to his parents in the east Saturday.

Miss Stella Barnhart spent Sunday with friends in Mansfield.

Quite a number from here attended the show in Decatur Tuesday there being 130 tickets sold for the Effingham train.

The play, "Victor," written by Geo. E. Bowen of this place will be given Friday evening under the auspices of the band. The play is a strong one and it is hoped that it will please the public.

Little James and Margie Dobson of Arthur are spending a few weeks with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dobson.

S. M. Funk of Monticello has bought Mr. Craw's interest in the Craw and Funk hardware store. Aapon Funk of Foesland will move here soon to clerk for his father.

Mrs. Elizabeth Propst was a Decatur visitor Friday.

F. E. Irwin purchased the Noble farm near Monticello Wednesday.

Dr. Dudley is remodeling his residence property on Madison avenue preparatory to moving into it soon.

The Alumni are making elaborate preparations to receive the class of '02. They will give a banquet and reception on the evening of May 14.

The commencement exercises of the high school will be held Tuesday evening, May 13 at Lyons' opera house. The class of '02 has seven members: Misses Ruth Elkenberry, Ethel Dudley, Birdie Peck and Grace Miller and Willie Fulk, Bernard Calbereg and Charley Blickendorfer.

Born—Wednesday, April 30, to Mr. and Mrs. Newton Greene, a daughter.

CLINTON.

H. O. Cooper and Miss Mae Maazy of this city were married at Decatur Tuesday morning. They will reside at Forsyth.

Mr. Craft, a steam heating expert who represents a large concern at Lockport, N. Y., was here Tuesday in company with Mr. Odiorne of the gas company. This company has installed heating plants at a number of the surrounding cities and Mr. Odiorne will make a contract with the New York house for a heating plant to cost $15,000 for this city if he can secure enough subscribers. The present plan is to run 8-inch pipes from the light plant on Monroe street to Chicken Row alley and from there around the square. The cost of heating will be about the same as is now paid for fuel.

Thomas Sheehy, late candidate for alderman of first ward has filed a petition to the council with the city clerk setting forth his qualification as an elector and declaring that he had been a candidate for alderman at an election held April 15. He alleged that the votes were not counted correctly. The petition was read tonight and hearing of the contest was set for Wednesday, May 7.

The Liquor Dealers positively refused to file an affidavit that no gambling would be allowed on the premises occupied as a saloon as an ordinance made a short time ago by the council ordered them to do. The new council met this morning and after much discussion granted them a saloon license for one month.

A tennis club was formed here on Wednesday night.

Jule G. Royce entertained ten gentlemen friends at 6 o'clock dinner on Tuesday in honor of Geo. Butterworth. A sumptuous meal consisting of six courses was served.

The members of the Universalist church gave a concert at the church this evening. It was well attended and an excellent program was rendered.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Dan Morgan of Springfield is visiting Earl Dodd on West Macon street for a few days.

LEAVITT IS SUGGESTED

As a Republican Candidate for the State Senate

The republican situation in this senatorial district is rather complex, and while nobody can safely predict as to who will be Macon county's candidate for the legislature, the chances seem to favor Thomas N. Leavitt of this city. Mr. Leavitt returned home from the south Thursday and he says he is willing to accept the nomination if tendered him. In Logan county the delegates named to the senatorial convention are not instructed for any candidate for United States senator; in DeWitt county Carl Swigart was endorsed for representative with power to select his own delegates. While Logan and DeWitt will have one more vote in the convention than Macon, they are not likely to use their power to defeat any candidate the Macon county delegates might select. Mr. Swigart is a personal friend of Mr. Leavitt's and if the Macon county delegates decide to present his name it is not likely that Mr. Swigart would want to do anything which would not meet with the approval of this county.

It is well known that there has been a factional fight in Macon county. Under the existing circumstances it would seem good politics on the part of Macon county to present the name of Mr. Leavitt. He has served one term in the legislature and would make a competent representative. No one that could be named has a wider acquaintance throughout the district.—Macon Times.

Entertained in the Country

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Hill entertained a number of their friends at their home, two miles northwest of Bearsdale on Wednesday evening, April 30, 1902.

All spent a pleasant evening. Music furnished by Miss Maude Hill and Mrs. Geo. Lehn was enjoyed by all.

A dainty conundrum supper was served in two courses. Those present were Messrs. Elza Burkam, A. J. Conover, S. E. Bear, Job Campbell, N. H. Lehn, L. A. Martin, P. Vance, Geo. Lehn, Harry Baum, and their wives, Misses Maude Hill and Alma Park, Lynn Martin and Gerald Baum. All departed wishing their host and hostess many happy returns of the evening.

REFUSED EVERYTHING

Operators Would Grant Nothing Asked by the Miners—Strike Likely

New York, May 3.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America gave out the statement tonight regarding the secret conference between his organization and the coal operators. He said:

"The sub-committees of operators of miners selected by the national civic federation failed to reach an agreement upon any important issues embodied in the miners scale adopted by the Shamokin convention.

"The executive committee of the three anthracite coal districts of the United Mine Workers of America, in whom is vested the authority to inaugurate a strike, have been notified to assemble at Scranton on the 7th. The committee consists of twenty-eight members, appointed from three districts, and should a majority of them vote in favor of a strike, the entire 147,000 miners will immediately respond to the call."

Mitchell said the operators had refused to grant any concessions whatsoever to the men. They would not agree that the wages be raised, that the working hours be reduced, or that coal be weighed at the pit mouth.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Mrs. L. Mockbee of Niantic, Mrs. P. F. Ryan of Hammond, V. N. Hawthorne of LaPlace and Blant Duncan of Lintner, were Decatur visitors Saturday.

SPARE ST. JACOBS OIL SUFFER RHEUMATIC PAINS

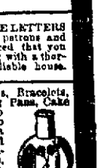
WE WILL FURNISH YOUR HOME FREE!

Write to-day for our handsome Illustrated catalogue and see what beautiful premiums we give for selling our Soaps. We give to each purchaser of a box of soap or bottle of Perfume their choice of some of the handsomest premiums in the market. Lamps, Bracelets, Glassware, Opalware, Knives, Roasting Pans, Cake plates and other beautiful presents. To the agent who sells only a dozen boxes of Soap we give a 50-Piece Dinner Set—not a toy set—but a beautifully decorated and gold traced, full size for family use, Dinner set. We also give Couches, Rockers, Dining Room Chairs, Center Tables, Lace Curtains, Watches, Knives and Forks, Graniteware, Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments, Etc. If cash is preferred we allow a very liberal commission. We trust you. No money required. We allow you 15 days' time in which to deliver the goods and collect your money before paying us. Don't delay.

BRISTOL, VT.
I am very much pleased with my dishes, and will get up another order soon.
Miss LULU BESAW.

NELSONVILLE, OHIO.
Goods received to-day. My customers are all well pleased with their lamps. We have not seen such nice lamps here before. Will send another order in a few days. I am more than pleased with the mandolin. Mrs. AGNES HITCHINGS.

READ THE LETTERS from our patrons and be convinced that you are dealing with a thoroughly reliable house.



SALVONA SOAP CO., Cor. 12th & Pine Sts., ST. LOUIS, MO.

IT MAY BE FATAL

Mrs. Patrick Houlihan Jumps from Her Buggy When Horse Runs Away

MAY HAVE FRACTURED SKULL

Mrs. Patrick Houlihan, whose home is near Macon, jumped from her buggy last evening when her horse became frightened and ran away and sustained serious and possibly fatal injuries.

Mrs. Houlihan, accompanied by Mrs. Creekman, was on her way home from Decatur and when at the top of the hill approaching the county bridge, their horse became frightened and bolted. Both of the women prepared to jump and Mrs. Houlihan did so. She fell upon her head and was picked up unconscious. Mrs. Creekman remained in the buggy until it was on the approach to the bridge proper where it collided with another buggy in which Mr. and Mrs. Lamb of Mowcequa were seated. All of these people were thrown to the floor of the bridge, but none was hurt more than a few bruises.

The patrol wagon was called for ambulance duty and Mrs. Houlihan was first taken to the county dispensary and then to St. Mary's hospital. Dr. Merriweather was called to attend her.

There were evidences that the woman had suffered a fracture at the base of the skull, but that could not be determined last night. There were evidences of hemorrhage. At 9 o'clock last night the woman could be roused to a semi-conscious condition.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by all druggists.

DR. SLUSHER

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEES cure of DRUG, LIQUOR and TOBACCO HABITS. Pay when cured. Ask some of those freed from these slavish vices.

Also guarantees cure of RUPTURE, GOITRE, PILES, CARTARRH and MANY CHRONIC and PRIVATE DISEASES. If ailing consult him.

SUITES 406 and 428, POWERS BLDG

Both phones. Open at night.

A PLEA OF GUILTY ENTERED

After Three Warrants, Two Justices and Five Lawyers Had Been Engaged

In the court of Justice McCoy on Saturday the case of the people vs. Thomas Thomas came to a sudden end. There was much preparation but little lawing. Three different warrants had been sworn out against Thomas. One for disturbing the peace, one for assaulting his wife and one for making threats. The warrants were first issued by Justice Hane and a change of venue taken to McCoy. Five lawyers came in contact in the case. Assistant State's Attorney Hogan was backed up by J. T. Whitley and J. M. Gray, while the defense was represented by C. C. Leforgee and John Fitzgerald. Preparations were making to secure two other lawyers for the defense when the thing came to an end. The trial had started when there was a compromise, the accused entering a plea of guilty to the charge of disturbing the peace. On that plea a small fine was assessed and the other cases were dismissed.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years of Suffering

"I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around, but constantly suffered, I tried everything I could hear of, and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this liniment and get well? It is for sale by all druggists.

ARE YOU A JUDGE OF LEATHER?

Few people are. You can't tell what's inside. Even the best posted are often deceived in shoes *without a name or reputation.*

It's a safe bit to buy shoes made by the best known manufacturers who have a reputation of their own to maintain. Buy shoes with a reputation, of a firm with a reputation.

Hanan, Regent and W. L. Douglas for Men, Queen Quality for Women

Cut Prices on Men's Heavy Work Shoes

Oil Grain, congress or lace, $1.75 grade..... $1.39

Kangaroo Calf, congress, $2.50 grade..... $1.69

Plump, full stock Calf, pegged soles $2.00 grade..... $1.69

All Grades, all kinds, all prices—best possible values.

If they wear well tell your neighbors—if not, tell us. Satisfaction guaranteed.

F. H. COLE SHOE CO.
148 EAST MAIN ST. THE MIDDLE STORE 148 EAST MAIN ST.

We give green trading stamps on cash purchases, or coupons for free jewelry or China. We do fine shoe repairing and do it right.

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Republican County Ticket

County Judge
O. W. SMITH

County Clerk
JAMES M. DODD

County Treasurer
L. R. MOFFITT

Sheriff
W. W. CONARD.

County Superintendent
ALBA A. JONES

There is nothing that hits the mark by like a census announcement. The new census figures get much hot encouragement when "pa" was a boy.

The Decatur public library, after the house had taken a study of it, now is worth $15,000 after similar bills. The final passage of the bill is now assured, the senate will pass it, the governor will sign it, and it will be my fault.

The St. Louis worlds fair, having been postponed the question arises whether the exposition will be completed. Congress will continue to draw the sinews. Illinois has one. Shall we hear from it?

General Funston has quit talking and those who are attracting him under such conditions are doing, in most instances, so. When a man can't talk back it is time for assailants to see the value of their efforts. Step by step, no matter how the other fellow has been silenced.

After visiting it it is said the National Education association unquestionably declared the size of the worlds fair at St. Louis the best world's fair ever in the world notwithstanding the fact that there is a few worlds fair site they never saw but then they are editors.

Congressman Wanger is carrying out the promise he advanced in Decatur the day he was nominated. At the time he declared he would stay right in the district nomination and you will have a hard time getting rid of me. The way he has stuck to the Decatur post-office bill confirms his declaration and we all say amen.

Mr. Morgan's $15,000 bill will in all probability not do him as much good as a tenfold contribution would do an humble disciple who does not know the difference in a business sense between a syndicate and a synod. The philosophy of the Christian church undoubtedly lies in the fact that while the wise may not be able to grasp its simplicity, its simplicity is given to the comprehension of the poor, the simple and the illiterate.

Nearly a year ago the Filipinos of the Island of Samar, professing a belief in the United States, made a clean sweep of the entire company of the Ninth infantry. General Smith was ordered to pacify the islands which and the circumstances meant punishment for the treacherous people of Samar. He went at the work with an iron hand and taught them that they could not trifle with the United States and peace has again been restored. Now every idiot having sufficient I. Q. to get a lot of people in the United States want to punish General Smith. This may be a good way to encourage soldiers who know their business but some sensible people will doubt it.

THE CZAR'S TROUBLES

Much has recently been written about the designs of Russia upon Chinese and other territory and the world has become suspicious of the intention of the czar's empire. Unlooked for trouble at home has become so defiant and widespread that it has become a question whether the government will not have its hands full to preserve order at home. We are informed from St. Petersburg that the strict censorship exercised over the Russian press has prevented the truth being made known concerning the spread of dissatisfaction among the advanced section of Russian society which is now acting in conjunction with the ruined peasants and the oppressed workers. The authorities are seriously alarmed over the turn of events and especially at the refusal of the soldiers to fire with ball cartridges on the protesting peasants at Tula the other day.

The fires of revolt have broken out in various places at the same time but the spread of these occurrences as well as of the attempts on the lives of officials have been suppressed. Taken all in all, there the troops to suppress a mutiny. General Trepoff and other officials have a striking significance. In the extreme south of the empire at Batum and at Tiflis conflicts have taken place between the peasants and the police. At Tiflis twenty men were killed. In the far north at Helsingfors the capital of Finland the lights of authorities are in conflict with the people.

There have been recently three successive attempts at St. Petersburg, two at Moscow, two at Kieff, one at Kharkoff, two at Yekaterinoslav and several in Odessa, where in a desperate fight many people were slain. All this happened within eight weeks. A clear manifestation that there is a wide chasm between Russian society and the existing order.

The causes of all these widely separated revolts are undoubtedly misgovernment, oppression and famine. The resources of the country are exhausted and famine is raising in northeast southeast coast and central Russia. The army is serving in sympathy with the people. Many officers have been arrested in different towns for refusing to act against the peasants and students. The czar's troubles are not ended.

CONDITION OF CROPS

Backward Weather Retards Vegetation—Little Damage by Frost

M. E. Blystone of the climate and crop service at Springfield issues the following bulletin for the week ending April 29th:

The past week has been one of very changeable temperature conditions, periods of warm and cold weather succeeding each other rapidly. The end of the week, however, was warm. Very high and damaging winds prevailed a part of the week. Generally dry weather, but with occasional local showers prevailed during the early part of the week, but Thursday night and Friday heavy rains occurred generally over the north and northwestern part of the central district. The rains coming at this diminished total in the south and in few localities only very light showers occurred. On Sunday night and showers occurred over the southern part of the state, so that practically the entire state has had sufficient rain during the week to put the surface of the soil in good condition as regards moisture. The growth of vegetation was delayed by the unfavorable conditions of the early part of the week, but the favorable conditions which prevailed have generally started a rapid and vigorous growth and crop conditions at the present time show a decided improvement over those of last week. There has been some damage by frost, but it has not been serious. The soil has generally been in good condition for tillage, but farm work has been interrupted in a few localities by heavy rains and wet ground. Wheat deteriorated slightly during the early part of the week on account of dry weather, but the rains of the latter part have caused a decided improvement. The improvement has been most decided in the central and northern portions, the good rains in the south having been too recent to have effected much change as yet. In some localities oats are in an unpromising condition, the stand thin, poor and the growth slow. There has also been some damage by high winds. In general however, there has been considerable improvement in the crop during the week, and in some localities it is very marked. The preparation of corn ground has progressed rapidly and is generally nearing completion. Considerable corn has been planted in some localities. The growth of pastures and meadows has been retarded by dry weather early in the week, but good rains later have started a rapid growth. Stock has been turned on pasture in many localities, but not generally throughout the state. Considerable spring sown clover has been killed by the freezes. Gardens have been backward, but are now growing more rapidly. Potatoes have nearly all been planted and many early ones are up. As a rule the prospect for fruit, except peaches is promising. A few correspondents say the apple prospects are not very favorable. In parts of the southern district peaches, especially seedlings, promise a fair crop.

DEATH RECORD.

SAMUEL JUDD

Samuel Judd died Tuesday afternoon at his home, 899 Pugh street, of pneumonia, aged 70 years. He leaves a wife and one daughter.

The funeral will be held Wednesday at 1 p. m. from the residence and the services will be conducted by Rev. H. C. Gobles. The interment will be at Greenwood cemetery.

MRS. MARY A. PARKHURST

Mrs. Mary A. Parkhurst, wife of D. M. Parkhurst, died Tuesday morning at her home in Lesath after a long illness. Her death was due to an abscess.

She was a daughter of Abram Horn, Lockard was born in Macon county October 11, 1862. She was married to D. M. Parkhurst, a young womanhood and to them six children were born of whom five survive.

Mrs. Parkhurst was a member of Harrow congregation of the Christian church and lived a helpful Christian life.

The funeral will be held Wednesday at 2 p. m. at Boiling Springs church and the interment will be in the churchyard.

JOHN T. WORTMAN

John T. Wortman died early Tuesday morning at his home, 545 Division street, of liver trouble, aged 49 years. He was born in Shelby county, January 26, 1853, and leaves a wife and five children.

Mr. Wortman early joined the Methodist Episcopal church, but had not affiliated with any of the local congregations. He was a member of Easterly camp No. 1620, M. W. A.

The funeral will be held Thursday at 10 a. m. from the residence and the interment will be at Greenwood cemetery.

HOUSTON'S ESTATE

Grows When He Cannot Spend It for Booze—Conservator Resigns

In the county court Tuesday J. N. Martin, sr., presented his resignation as conservator of the estate of William Houston, insane. The conservator said that Houston's estate amounted to $497 in cash after all of the obligations up to the present time had been paid. Martin's resignation was accepted and J. H. Lathum was appointed to that position.

Houston is a pensioner who a number of years ago had degenerated into a helpless inebriate and insanity resulted. He was sent to the asylum and in those years when there is nothing to pay except the cost of his keep at that institution, the surplus from his pension has grown to nearly $500 in cash.

excepting plates, chucks, round and flank in the coolers and are holding it to force up prices. It is to be hoped the jury will prove strong enough to break up this grasping piece of business.

MAROA COUNCIL

Is Organized and Appointments for the Year Are Made

THE INTERURBAN ORDINANCE

Makes Ample Provisions for Protection of City's Interests—Meeting of the Board of Education

Maroa, April 29.—(Special Correspondence.) The city council met in regular session last evening and canvassed the vote cast at the last aldermanic election.

Old Fort of the First ward, W. H. Stoneburgh of the Second ward, and W. H. Stoneburker and J. C. Vaughn of the Third ward were declared elected aldermen for the ensuing year. The mayor then made the following appointments:

City Marshal, J. M. Biddle.

Engineer at Water Works—I. M. Ewing.

Board of Health, Dr. G. W. West, Dr. D. S. Anderson and I. M. Biddle.

The appointments were confirmed by the council.

The bonds of John Myers, John Goodman and Harry Mossholder, saloon keepers, were approved and license issued to them to keep drinking shops.

Fred O. Wilhoit was appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the council as city clerk to fill out the unexpired term of Fred J. Bean, deceased.

INTERURBAN ORDINANCE

The interurban railway ordinance was passed by the council and approved by Mayor Allsup. The ordinance grants a franchise for twenty years to Charles P. Griffin and Henry W. Knight and their assigns to construct and operate a line of railway with motive power other than steam along and through the street known as the Bloomington road. The grantees are required by bond to indemnify the city against all damages sustained by any one on account of the construction and operating of said line of railway in any manner whatever, and they are also required to give an additional bond that they will comply with all the requirements of the said ordinance granting the said franchise. The grantees are required to file with the city clerk their acceptance of the conditions of the said ordinance and their bonds as aforesaid within sixty days from the date of the passage of the said ordinance and also to pay for the publication of said ordinance.

By the terms of the ordinance the grantees are required to begin work on said line of railway within one year from the date of the passage of the ordinance and to have the cars in operation across the city within two years from said date. The ordinance also requires the grantees to construct and maintain good and sufficient crossings to be approved by the council for both vehicles and footmen at every place where any street crosses the line of said railway.

The grantees are also required to gravel the road bed and for two feet on the outside of each rail, said gravel to be approved by the city council. They are also required at any time the council may decide to pave the said street to pave their road bed and for two feet on the outside of each rail, said paving to be approved by the city council. The franchise also includes the right to operate machinery and to produce light that may be necessary to the operation of their line of railway and for no other purpose.

Fares to be not to exceed 5 cents for one continuous ride across the city or 25 cents for eight such fares. The grantees are to make their road bed conform to the grading established by the city and to pay all expense of surveying and establishing such grade. The ordinance also requires the grantees to file up and place of their own expense their road at any time the city desires to cross said track with sewer, water, gas or other pipes. The poles for stringing the wires shall not be less than twenty five feet above the ground and the trolley wire not less than fifteen feet above the rails.

The coaches to be used shall be up to date and of the best material and construction. The cars are given the right of way over all trains, etc., except the fire department when going to a fire in the city. The rails shall be of the best Shanghai T or girder rails, weighing not less than sixty pounds to the yard.

The ordinance reserves the right to the city council of declaring the franchise forfeited for a non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the franchise by the passage of an ordinance to that effect.

WATER TANK

The council also took up the matter of repairing the water tank. It was agreed that the tower supporting the water tank needs repairs and the committee on water works was instructed to investigate the matter of building a stand pipe and also the putting in of a compressed air system.

The committee was instructed to report at the next meeting.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

The board of education met last Saturday evening and organized. E. J. Carter was elected secretary and the following committees named on buildings and grounds, Mrs. A. E. Smelz, C. H. Huff, D. S. Anderson; on supplies, Mrs. M. P. McLean, John Longstreet, E. J. Carter; on teachers and course of study, the full board.

Some discussion was had by the board as to the appointment of a superintendent for the schools. About thirty applications for the position are now on file.

The board desires to secure a first-class man and will not act hastily in making the selection. Another meeting will be held Saturday evening, May 3, to further discuss the matter.

LOCALS

Hon. Thomas N. Leavitt and wife are expected home from Houston, Tex., next Thursday.

Mrs. B. F. Shipley and daughter, Lucile, returned from a visit with friends at Ramsey and Vandalia on Monday evening.

Maroa has quite a contingent at Ringling Bros. show in Decatur today.

WENT TO JAIL

Burns and Hill, Alleged Oakley Burglars, Bound Over

Ed Burns and Charles Hill, who were brought here from Paris Saturday on a warrant for burglary, had their preliminary hearing before Justice McCoy Tuesday morning and their trial set for 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon. In default of $500 bonds each they went back to jail.

The warrant is sworn out by Cassius Holcomb, whose general store at Oakley was burglarized Tuesday evening, April 22d. A number of razors and some cutlery were taken. It is supposed there that whoever committed the robbery had intended to waylay Mr. Holcomb when he went home at night or while he was closing the store. It was his habit to count out his change on the counter and on that particular night it was known that he had about two hundred dollars to carry home. However, a late customer stayed till closing time and then walked home with him and the robbers found nothing in the way of money in the store.

Burns and Hill were arrested upon a general suspicion at Paris and the police finding a number of new razors and some cutlery with a Decatur mark on the tags, made inquiry of the department here and W. W. Conard heard of it. He had been in Oakley the day of the robbery and when he heard of the Paris suspects communicated with Holcomb who came here and swore out the warrant and Conard brought the men here last Saturday.

They are both very young and neither of them looks over twenty.

THE BIGGEST THING

In the Show Was Not Exhibited in the Main Tent—Known Here

The biggest thing in Ringling Brothers' show was not exhibited in the main tent. The attraction was Joe Grimes, who has joined out with a side show. Joe has many personal friends in Decatur, among them Archie F. Wilson, for whom he sent to come and see him. Joe formerly travelled over the country as a heavyweight boxer. He was here at the carnival two years ago and every time he appeared on the street he was chased by the crowd. People seemed so anxious to see him that he concluded they would pay for it and therefore joined the show business.

When he was last in Decatur he weighed 531 pounds but since then he has taken on flesh and looks much healthier. He is 7 feet and one inch tall but owing to his enormous size does not look it. His present weight is 699 pounds.

MARRIED

STREVER—GALANBACH

Charles H. Strever of Argenta and Miss Amelia Galanbach of Whitmore township were married at the county court rooms on Monday. Judge Hammer performed the ceremony.

COOPER—MAUZZY

Herman O. Cooper and Miss Mae Mauzzy, both of Clinton, were married Tuesday forenoon in the county court rooms. The ceremony was performed by Judge W. L. Hammer.

Deeds Recorded

Lew L. Everly to W. H. Elwood, lot 12 in block 1 in Durfee, Warren & Co.'s first addition to Decatur, $1.

N. W. Huxley to Burton C. Dechl, five feet off of the west side of the north half of lot 4 in C. S. Lewis' first addition to Decatur, $25.

James T. Finn to J. Arthur Brown, master's deed, lots 1 and 2 and 20 feet in width off of the east side of lot 3 all in block 2 in H. H. Wise's addition to Pine Mound, $1400.

James H. Durfee to Anton Teller, lot 12 in block 14 in Warrensburg, $10.

H. W. Waggoner to Robert A. Kinnear, lot 13 in block 1 in Waggoner's addition to Decatur, $700.

A. P. Hill et al to John H. Heidelbaugh, lot 3 in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of 32, 15, 1 east, also one and one quarter acres in the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of 32, 15, 1 east, $1200.

Fire in a Desk

The fire department was called out Tuesday afternoon by a small blaze in the office of Colonel T. M. Clokey, on North Water street. The fire was among some papers in a closed desk and the origin is a mystery. Colonel Clokey is out of the city and W. H. Black, who has his office there, discovered the fire and extinguished it with a bucket of water. It had a good start and a number of papers were destroyed and damaged. Their value can not be learned till the return of Mr. Clokey.

Marriage Licenses

Herman O. Cooper, Clinton, legal age
Mae Mauzzy, Clinton, legal age
Fred G. Naletski, Decatur, 19
Callie Ray, Decatur, 18

Ed March has opened a milk depot on William street, just east of Charlie Montgomery's office.

SHE WAS THE BOSS

Homer J. Mount Tells of His Sufferings at the Hands of His Wife

SAM RITCHIE MUST DEFEND

Francis Claims Piece of Property Sam Seeks to Sell—A Suit on a Note

Homer J. Mount appears as complainant in a divorce suit, charging his wife with extreme and repeated cruelty. His bill, filed Tuesday, relates that he was married at Joliet on Sept. 7, 1901, to Jessie A. Gale and lived with her until Jan. 1, 1902.

Homer says that his wife is a large, strong, vigorous woman. Likewise she has a most violent temper and is exceedingly quarrelsome and when enraged uses most profane, obscene and abusive language.

He declares that in less than a week after their marriage she switched him a belt alongside of the head just to show him, evidently, where he was at. One night in October of the year that he was married when he attempted to leave the house she armed herself with the butcher knife and barred the way. He met him directly organized a society for the promotion of peace and the society held a meeting and voted unanimously that in the interest of peace it was best to defer any previously declared intention of leaving the house.

About a week after the butcher knife episode had become a matter of family history, Jessie hurled him over the head with a quart bottle. Along in November she trimmed him with her naked fists. One night hand swung loaded on his eye. It was a souvenir and the eye was in mourning for several days. During the same month she kicked him. Homer relates that she knew where to find a kick so that it was the most effective and that on a certain November evening when she was showing him where to head in, her aim was true and she gave him a kick that he still remembers. Later in the same month she hit him on the head with a heavy lamp chimney and if never before, that time she certainly drew blood. Before the winter was finally on, if the table one evening she attempted to throw pepper in his eyes.

Homer plaintively relates that Jessie is given to over indulgence in intoxicants. When she gets several under belt cants. When she gets several under her belt she is hard to manage and he submits that on this condition of affairs a mild mannered man is entitled to a decree of divorce. The last time that he heard of Jessie gay she was in Chicago. So far as he is concerned she may stay there. All he wants is a judicial decree annulling the tie that binds and to have the court set forth that by reason of her conduct she has forfeited what her dower right she would have had to any of his property.

WANTS A DEED

W. A. Francis has brought suit against Sam Ritchie to compel a specific performance of contract. The complainant says that a number of years ago he made a contract with Ritchie to buy a certain piece of ground in Warrensburg the rent of which had up to that time been $1.50 per month. Francis says that he made a contract with Ritchie to the effect that he was to pay him at the rate of not less than $4 per month for the property, the purchase price to be $250. He declares that he made the last payment in 1898. Several months ago Ritchie sold the property to Daniel Hirsh for $150. Francis refused to give possession and Hirsh brought a forcible entry and detainer suit. This was decided in favor of the defendant and now Francis brings suit to compel Ritchie to give a deed for the property which, according to his story, has been fully and completely paid.

ON A NOTE

The Millikin National Bank has brought suit against W. H. Snyder on a note for $650. On this note there is a credit of $236 but it is charged that Snyder refuses to make any provisions to provide for the unpaid balance.

AN AUTOMOBILE

Paul Hickisch's Machine Works Beautifully and Attracts Much Attention

Paul Hickisch, who has been working on an automobile for a number of months past, has at last got it to a state of perfection. He had the machine on the streets yesterday and gave a number of his friends a spin over the paved streets of the city. It is a steam machine and the engine generates about five horse power. Gasoline is used for fuel. In every respect the machine appears to be the equal of the high priced autos that are being brought to the city. It moves noiselessly, the exhaust being silent. In appearance it is very trim and has room for two passengers. Mr. Hickisch has called it "The Decatur."

Held a Reunion

At the St. Johannes German church on Sunday the Rev. Heyne held a reunion of all his confirmation classes. The large church was nearly filled. The songs were the same as were sung on the day the different classes were confirmed. In his discourse Rev. Heyne mentioned a part of each of the sermons delivered before each class. The church was decorated for the occasion.

FORSYTH

Otto Cooper of Clinton, Ill., is visiting his parents this week.

Rev. Longbrake and wife attended the meeting of ministers and laymen of Decatur District of the M. E. church at Maroa this week.

The Odd Fellows celebrated the 53d anniversary of the founding of the order Saturday night, April 25. Good speaking and a fine program had been arranged.

Mrs. Ale Benton and daughter Edna, spent Lindy in Decatur.

Mrs. H. C. Mowry has returned home from Chicago where she has been visiting Dr. and Mrs. Benj. Mowry.

Mrs. Maud Benton went to Maroa as delegate to attend the ministerial meetings.

Alonzo Crocker from Maroa was on our streets Wednesday.

J. B. Parkhurst was a Decatur visitor Wednesday. April 28.

MT. AUBURN

Mrs. Albert Fleshman was ill last week.

Jack Green is recovering from a severe attack of erysipelas.

Tis M. Lindsay is erecting a handsome cottage on West Main street.

H. W. Johnson of Taylorville was in town last week.

T. W. Turner spent Sunday with his family in Decatur.

Sheriff Downey was in Mt. Auburn April 21 in the interest of his candidacy for county clerk.

T. A. Dwyer of Stonington was in town Thursday.

Mel Hess's harness shop was badly racked by the heavy wind Friday night. It was almost blown off the foundation and most of the foundation under it was blown over.

Chas. T. Cady transacted business in Springfield April 24.

April 29.

CISCO

Mrs. W. D. Best and Mrs. S. A. Stout were in Decatur Monday.

L. S. M. Grimes and Lee Timms were in Decatur Tuesday.

Mrs. William Perkins and son, Edward, were in Decatur Monday.

D. T. Kistler and F. A. Malone were in Mattoon Monday morning.

Miss Lena Chance of Champaign returned to her home Monday after a few days' visit with her aunt, Mrs. Reynolds.

Pearl and Flora returned from his home at Lindlay on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Elizabeth Woolen died at the home of her son, Henry Woolen, Friday evening at 6 o'clock. The remains were laid to rest in the Bethany cemetery Saturday.

C. D. Manors of Argenta was in town Monday.

Commencement exercise of Cisco public school will be held next Friday evening, May 2nd.

TODD'S POINT

The following were visitors to residents here last week: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Nicholson of Youngsville at Mrs. Clemmons; Wm. Atkinson, Shelbyville, at Mrs. J. W. Atkinson's; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Kinney, Pethany, at Mrs. McKinney's.

Mrs. Alward has been quite sick again, but is now recovering.

The commissioners appointed as road bosses the following: District No. 1, John Newby; District No. 2, Clark Henry; District No. 3, Times Birkett; District No. 4, Harry Davis.

Lee Morris who's home again from Springfield report his eye doing well since the operation performed on it.

At the recent election of school directors A. Alward, the retiring member was re-elected.

Tidings were received here last week by members of his family that Chas. Henry Roop, a former well known resident here, had died in Kansas on April 22.

Lyman Nuttall has purchased the old homestead at present occupied by Wm. Childers from J. W. Atkinson but will not take possession until March 1903.

April 29.

MT. ZION

J. B. Henry and wife of Decatur are visiting with friends here.

Miss Anna Hines of Decatur spent Sunday with her parents here.

Miss Pitts Blalock visited friends in Decatur Sunday.

Misses Agnes Dugan and Mary Nolan of Dalton City were calling on Miss Sullivan last week.

Pearl Fox and Miss Irene Dodge of Decatur visited with Miss Hines Sunday last.

Will Trauerber went to Dalton City last week on business.

John Hughes of Dalton City was calling on friends here Monday.

Mrs. C. M. Fletcher and daughter Minnie were calling on Decatur friends last week.

Tom Cooper, Earl Bilby and Howard Bilslock attended the opera in Decatur Saturday night.

Wesley Smith of Decatur visited home folks last Sunday.

Lewis Henry and Wash Smith transacted business in Decatur Monday.

Sil Bilby went to Macon Monday on business.

Miss Joe Smith and daughter went to Decatur Monday.

CLINTON

Miss Ella McHenry entertained twelve friends at a dinner on Friday evening.

Miss Lucile Richey entertained friends from 5 to 9 p. m. Friday in honor of her 12th birthday. About fifty were present and an enjoyable evening was spent.

The Wessecet club was entertained Friday evening in progressive euchre by Mrs. John Stokes.

Mrs. Beckley and three children had a narrow escape from poisoning from arsenic on Wednesday. Mrs. Beckley had kept arsenic and some other medicines in a teapot and decided to use the teapot on Wednesday. Thinking she had thoroughly cleaned it she made some tea of which they drank. They soon began to get sick and Dr. Bozarth was called. The patients were relieved in a short time.

J. F. DeLand has resigned as cashier of the National bank and will go into the banking business in Emporia, Kas. C. S. Lafferty has been elected to take his place.

Three young men named Sullivan, Shields and Bluttel were fined $3 and costs on a charge of drunk and disorderly on Saturday evening.

A man by the name of Crull was found in the north end of the I. C. yards Saturday evening badly cut. He is said to have been intoxicated and was struck by a south bound passenger train. He is much improved today.

The board of managers has been selected for the I. C. library. The board will select books, magazines, furnishings, etc., for the library which is to be in rooms 9 and 10 on the third floor of the depot.

The clerks' union was represented at the following lodges and asked assistance from the B. of R. T. O. R. C., B. of L. E. and they were well received. The B. of L. E. passed the following resolution: "Whereas it has come to our knowledge that the retail clerks of the city of Clinton having organized a lodge in said city and we as a labor organization endorse their action and promise them all assistance possible."

M. Nicolin has traded his share in the hotel owned by himself and Henry Renner at Tuscola to the latter for the Kenwick opera house block in this city.

The case of Spivey vs. Lane et al for the possession of property on North George street was decided for the plaintiff, Lane.

April 29.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

TUESDAY, MA

SECOND SE

In the Celebration of Centennial of P terian Churc

ENDEAVOR AND S. S

Early History is Recount Prominently Identified Work—No Service

The second evening's celebration of the 5 mile installation of the Presby in Decatur were a large those held Thursd peintendent of the Sund sided and the exercises with the connectio with the church al Su The music was finished day school orchestra and the favorites of v "I Want to Be a We Gather at the River The principal address was "A Historical Sketch day school" by Mrs. Murphy has been school work since and supplemented by tions with diffe and conversations with pils of the first S ndin A synopsis of the paper Dr. S. P. McCl and historical sketch of the printed in the Sunday

Mrs. A. F. Bill who ers, has probably con with the Sunday hool "Things That I Remem She said that sl belon periods the Lutey school ancient Bucy She began is a to chur intendency of I mis were not set lessons and t portions of the scoun teacher and pun the spoke of the sun roll which comprised e hes ferred to I. A. Lose twenty five years is were not identified in the little library mind. Mrs. Hi mont of some of the ly t that the Lutha tolas the limited sum ex mps intermingled les lds and all the modern day school stuff were Hills first class vis t attendance e had and his taught boys referred with pride to her Lou. One of the the church ne an tion in Colin n university one s in the Philippines s prominent phase in Hill explained of es one of the ters set connection will the that she had twenty s church and it is lie frequently calls upon Following Mr. Hill ficer intricate Miss gave a fine dress Years of Christ in

An angel came from H To speak in vain h To quit in he is a And move dull souls And with glad tons With one day wor Upon years as a s And then it b ens My Lord what will th Return said H Proclaim the Lord Be faithful the And then? And hen so For angel no had Not of his Lord could Than to proclaim in That potent word "

While the Indep boast half the year Dr. Babcock is su department of the church where think for other p pay the fort to sell the hands to sell times. Mrs. Brown of the Christian En of its present pro people's social s in t The present social the fall of 1898 of Rev. W. J. Pr sons signed a co the pledge and that increased to six about the a rag since. She spoke the so port of mass ns. I was difficult to c while now th sonets to passion The need of one s is not be the exclusive c. In conclusion these which help cos nomination special sermon of the

Dr. A. R. Fu delivered an address Press habits s Sunday school this morning at A short minute talk Earlier Dr. were A. J. Copeland Captain R. P. Hill H. Mills and Dr. L The serv e

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SECOND SERVICE

In the Celebration of the Semi-Centennial of Presbyterian Church

ENDEAVOR AND S. S. SCHOOL

Early History is Recounted by Those Prominently Identified with the Work—No Service Tonight

The second evening's services in the celebration of the semi-centennial of the installation of the Presbyterian church in Decatur were as largely attended as those held Thursday. A. H. Mills, superintendent of the Sunday school, presided and the exercises had more to do with the connection of the young people with the church and Sunday school.

The music was furnished by the Sunday school orchestra and the hymns were the favorites of years ago, "Coronation," "I Want to Be an Angel" and "Shall We Gather at the River."

The principal address of the evening was "A Historical Sketch of the Sunday school," by Mrs. A. E. Murphy. Mrs. Murphy has been in the Sunday school work almost since its beginning and supplemented her personal recollections with data secured from records and conversations with some of the pupils of the first Sunday school.

A synopsis of her paper together with Dr. S. E. McClelland's excellent historical sketch of the church will be printed in the Sunday Herald.

Mrs. A. T. Hill, who of all the teachers, has probably been longest connected with the Sunday school briefly recounted "Things That I Remember."

She said that she belonged to all three periods in the history of the Sunday school, ancient, mediaeval and modern. She began as a teacher under the superintendency of Thomas Lewis. There were no set lessons and the class studied portions of the scripture selected by the teacher and parts of the catechism. She spoke of the small collection of books which comprised the first library and referred to J. A. Close, who served for twenty-five years as librarian. Books were not plentiful in that day and those in the little library were in great demand. Mrs. Hill mentioned the names of some of the early teachers and said that the teachers today had no idea of the limited resources of those days when maps, international lessons, Oxford bibles and all the modern helps to Sunday school study were unheard of. Mrs. Hill's first class was composed of girls, but afterwards she had a class of boys and has taught boys ever since. She referred with pride to the careers of her boys. One of them is an elder in the church, one is an army surgeon stationed in Cuba, one a professor in Yale university, one a government teacher in the Philippines and another is a prominent physician in the south. Mrs. Hill explained in closing that perhaps one of the reasons of her long and close connection with the church work was that she had always lived near the church and it was her privilege to be frequently called upon.

Following Mrs. Hill, the presiding officer introduced Miss Hattie Brown, who gave a fine address upon "Fifteen Years of Christian Endeavor."

An angel came from heaven down
To speak one word and speak it over,
To quicken hearts and kindle eyes,
And move dull souls from sloth to rise
And win a glorious renown,
With one brave word: "Endeavor!"
Ten years in service thus he wrought,
And then at heaven's gate besought,
My Lord, what wilt thou now?
Return, said He, and ten years more
Proclaim thy message o'er and o'er;
Be faithful thou,
And then? And then serve ten years more
And ten years more, and so forever.
For angel ne'er had nobler task,
Nor of his Lord could nobler ask,
Than to proclaim forever more,
That potent word: "Endeavor!"

While the Endeavor society cannot boast half the years of the Sunday school yet it is quite as important. As Dr. Babcock has said, it is a normal department or training school within the church where the mind is train to think for others; the lips to speak, to pray; the feet to go on God's errands; the hands to work in Christian ministries. Miss Brown spoke of the origin of the Christian Endeavor society and of its precedessors among the young people's societies in the church.

The present society was organized in the fall of 1886, during the pastorate of Rev. W. H. Prestley. Eleven persons signed the constitution and took the pledge and that number was soon increased to over 100, which has been about the average membership ever since.

She spoke of the active Christian work of the society and especially of its support of missions. In its early years it was difficult to raise $10 for that cause while now the annual contribution of the society to missions is $400 or over. The need of more sociability in churches is met by the Christian Endeavor society. In conclusion she thanked all those who had helped to make their success, naming specially the pastors and several of the presidents of the society.

Dr. A. R. Taylor, who was to have delivered an address upon "Practical Possibilities of the Twentieth Century Sunday school," was out of the city and this number had to be omitted.

A short time was devoted to two-minute talks upon "Recollections of an Earlier Day." Among those who spoke were A. F. Hopkins, Mrs. Kate Beadles, Captain R. P. Lytle, T. T. Roberts, A. H. Mills and Dr. D. C. Marquis.

The service closed with a benediction by Dr. Penhallegon and a social was held in the Sunday school rooms afterward. Refreshments were served by the young people.

At the Sunday morning service a number will be admitted to membership in the church and the ordinance of baptism will be celebrated. Communion service will also be held. Rev. W. H. Prestley and Rev. D. C. Marquis will assist the pastor. The usual service will be conducted in the evening and Dr. Marquis will preach. There will be a special musical program in honor of the installation of the organ debt. Professor Robert Walter and Charles Lorch will render a clarinet and cornet duet.

HURRY UP JOB

In Building the Addition to Webber Warehouse

The extension to the Webber warehouse situated on Wood street and the Illinois Central right of way was remarkable for the short time that was required to finish it. Seventeen working days altogether were occupied in putting up the building from its massive concrete foundation to the slate roof. The heavy timbers used to support the flooring are of a size not usually kept in stock and had to be sawn specially. The order for them was placed with Noah Jacobs on April 7th and then the trees from which the timber was sawn were standing on Charles Moffett's land south of the river. Ten days later the immense sills were in place. The credit for the rapid work is due to the contractor, Louis Baker, who had from five to fifteen men at work.

The materials alone for the concrete cost $425. The walls are supported upon a foundation three feet across and a foot thick, and the thirty-six brick piers which carry the floor are supported upon concrete bases four feet square and a foot thick.

The warehouse is already filled to its capacity and the total load supported upon the floor is something enormous. Two items might be mentioned especially. Twenty carloads of baling wire weighing over 500 tons and 7,000 kegs of nails are stored there.

SPRINGS QUITTING

Fairlawn Park is Said to be Threatened with a Water Famine

Not a little interest has been aroused among the persons who regularly visit Fairlawn park by the story that the springs at that resort are dry. The springs on the south side of the park are the ones that are apparently failing. The big one on the north side of the park where there is a pumping station still has plenty of water and today for first time this season the pump will be started. Old timers say that these springs have not failed in fifty years. One guess made is that the tapping of a big vein of water at the shaft of the M. & C. coal company has something to do with the present condition of the springs. The park never presented a prettier appearance than at this time and it is a favorite resort.

Improvements at St. Mary's

Some needed improvements are being made at St. Mary's hospital. A circular drive is being constructed so that the ambulance can drive right up to the doors of the hospital. Heretofore the patients had to be carried upon stretchers from the street to the steps, a considerable distance. The chief objection, however, was the narrowness of the street which brought the ambulance onto the car track when backed up to discharge its passengers. A broad cement sidewalk in place of the old brick one is also being constructed.

Whooping Cough

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinkey Hall, Springville, Ala. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

TAX ON FOODSTUFF

English Financial Bill is Presented in Final Shape

London, May 3.—The finance bill (budget) issued to day in final shape, provides for a duty of 3d per hundredweight, from April 15, on wheat, barley, oats, rye, maize, buckwheat, peas, beans, lecust, beans, lentils, uncleaned rice, offals thereof; for duty 5d on flour, meal, starch, arrowroot, tapioca, potato flour, sago, malt, pearled barley, cleaned rice. Drawbacks equal to the duty is allowed from May 7 on re-export of any of the above articles which have undergone process of manufacture or preparation in the United Kingdom.

Drawbacks are also allowed on goods prepared in the United Kingdom, in which imported grains are used, to the amount of the duty paid on such foreign grains.

Articles deposited in a bonded warehouse for use as ships stores are also entitled to drawbacks.

The Mikado

The Iroquois club has appointed committees to look after the work of selling tickets, advertising and generally booming interest in the presentation of the Mikado in this city by the Springfield company.

MARRIED

Frank L. Kelly of Chicago and Flora Heiatz of Princeton met here Saturday and were married by Rev. Penhallegon.

Weak But Better

New York, May 3.—Archbishop Corrigan's condition was favorable all day today and night. Although extreme weakness continues, no anxiety is now felt.

AFTER 40 YEARS

D. S. Shellabarger Practically Retires from Active Business Life in Decatur

HE BEGAN IN A SMALL WAY

Then the Plant Had Daily Capacity of 800 and Now it is About 12,000 Bushels of Grain

Saturday evening, in a large measure, D. S. Shellabarger retired from active business in Decatur, for on Monday the American Hominy company takes charge of the plant of the Shellabarger Mill and Elevator company. It is true that the Decatur company retains control of the flour mill on a lease, but that is a small part of the business. That may seem strange to the local folk because they are most familiar with the well known brands of flour made by that company, White Loaf and Daily Bread. But the bulk of the business of the company was in other cities, in fact, not a little was in other countries, and was confined to various corn products. So it is true when the Shellabarger Mill and Elevator company retain only their business in wheat flour, they have only a small portion of it. Compare the figures. The plant grinds about 10,000 bushels of corn each day and perhaps 1500 bushels of wheat.

The passing of D. S. Shellabarger from active business is quite an event in local history. Not only has he been in business in Decatur for more than forty years, but he has been in business on the present site of his plant for more than forty years. In 1858 he was a miller at the foot of East Main street and after little more than three years there he went to his present quarters.

When he established a milling business on North Water street the plant had a capacity for grinding about 600 bushels of wheat daily and perhaps 200 bushels of corn. The wheat grind was a steady thing, but the corn was rather spasmodic. Then the plant engaged, employes and employers, eight or nine men. Now with a capacity of 12,000 bushels of grain daily, there are fifty persons employed there.

Speaking of the changes D. S. Shellabarger said: "When I began here we could make more money than we can make now. Then we had a profit of not less than one dollar on every barrel of flour. Now if we could average 20 cents on each barrel we would be doing well. Then our trade was simply local. We had no thought of traveling salesmen. Now in freight shipments we will average nearly ten car loads in and ten car loads out each day."

"What was the highest price I ever paid for wheat? Three dollars and 12 cents and $1.10 for corn. That was during the war. This thing of retiring from business, or its management, means more than most persons imagine. I have been on this site for more than forty years. I built all of the buildings except the one in which we have our office. It seems like losing a member of the family to leave my business."

Mr. Shellabarger said that he had often looked forward to the time when he could retire from active business, but now that the time was here he was not positive that that was what he wanted to do. He fears that he cannot content himself unless he has some business affairs to engage his attention.

MORE INDICTMENTS

Returned Against the Alleged Chicago Jury Bribers

Chicago, May 3.—Six more indictments were returned by the grand jury today for conspiracy to commit an illegal act in connection with the alleged jury tampering in the city of Austin transfer fight against the Union Consolidated Traction company. The men indicted are:

W. J. Gallagher, already under indictment on a similar charge.

C. S. Simons, trial lawyer for the traction companies; also under another indictment.

Christopher Miller.

Captain John W. Brown, venireman, called to serve on jury but excused.

Oscar Vorhees, juror.

Frank C. Peck, juror.

Today's indictments followed the investigations of the second jury that tried a transfer case in Justice Wood's court.

MRS. BURDETTE'S

Withdraws From Race for President Simplifies Matters

Los Angeles, May 3.—A strain has been removed from the political situation at the women's club convention by the withdrawal of Mrs. Robert J. Burdette from the presidential ticket. She will support Mrs. Denison, so the ticket promises to stand:

Mrs. Denison, president; Mrs. Burdette, first vice president; Mrs. Buckwalter, second vice president.

It is not unlikely, however, that Mrs. Emma Van Vrahlen of Iowa will be returned to the treasurership. There's a movement being made for Mrs. John Sherman of Chicago as recording secretary.

Various state delegations continue to meet in the meantime.

Mrs. George Beemer of South Dakota, Mrs. W. H. Bailey of Iowa have been added to the nominating committee.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

From the Corn Belt association pours in day by day letters and advertising matter concerning the meet. So enthusiastic are the supporters of the meet that at each letter the anticipated number increases. All the railroads that run into the town have made special excursion rates and are booming the meet.

Superintendent Gastman went to Cisco Friday night and spoke at the exercises marking the close of the school in that city.

TOOK LAST GAME

A Rally in the Eighth Saved Decatur From a Shut Out.

BRUCE MAKES APPEARANCE

Cedar Rapids Here for the First Game of the Season—Daniels Will Pitch Today

THREE-I LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Davenport	3	2	1	.666
Rock Island	3	2	1	.666
Rockford	3	2	1	.666
Bloomington	2	1	1	.500
Cedar Rapids	2	1	1	.500
Decatur	3	1	2	.333
Terre Haute	3	1	2	.333
Evansville	3	1	2	.333

A batting rally started by Pfeffer in the eighth inning of the closing game with Rock Island saved us from a shutout, but not from defeat. Hard hitting and timely hitting by the visitors, coupled with fast work on the bases gave them a lead of nine runs which could not be overcome. Bruce was in the box for the home team and was batted safely thirteen times, one of the bunch being for two bases and the other a home run. In addition to this five men walked, and unfortunately it was the weak men who were given passes or else the first or second men up. The home team kept fighting against the odds that were piled up against them, but without effect until the eighth inning. We hit the ball twelve times safe, two of the bunch being scratches, but the hitting was not done in a way that netted runs. Nine hits were made in the first seven innings. They were strung along one or two at a time and came after one or two men were out. There never was but one good chance to score and that was in the seventh, when Holmes made a hit and stole second and was then caught by Case off second base. Immediately after McQuaid made a single that would have scored him. Case managed to keep the hits well scattered until Pfeffer headed the list in the eighth. The manager was in luck in this instance. He hit a high fly to center and Smith came upon it, but was blinded by the sun and had to turn his back. The ball sailed over him and Pfeffer was safe at second. Three singles, a muffed fly back of second and a bad throw to third netted the home team four runs.

Rock Island got one in the third on a base on balls, two singles and a fly to center.

In the fifth they piled up five runs. Smith, the first man up, got a pass and stole second. O'Rourke hit safe and stole second and Smith scored. Then followed a single by Middleton, a long fly to Schmidt by Wright, a two-base hit by Hill and a homer by Graham and a single by Williams. Three more were garnered in the seventh on three hits, a steal and throws from third that took Dickey off the base. Both these bad throws were partly excusable as Hankey had two hard hit balls to handle close out to the base line. The score by innings follows:

Decatur.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McQuaid, cf	5	0	3	2	0	0
Schmidt, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Pfeffer, 2b	5	1	1	2	1	0
Barr, ss	3	1	1	2	2	0
Dickey, 1b	3	1	0	9	0	0
Hankey, 3b	5	0	2	0	3	2
Burt, lf	5	1	0	1	1	0
Holmes, c	4	0	2	5	2	0
Bruce, p	4	0	3	0	3	0
Totals	38	4	12	23*	11	2
O'Rourke, 2b	5	1	2	4	1	1
Middleton, ss	5	1	2	2	0	1
Wright, 1b	4	0	1	4	1	0
Hill, 3b	5	2	3	3	2	0
Graham, rf	5	2	2	1	0	0
Williams, c	4	0	1	9	2	1
Hopkins, lf	2	1	1	0	0	0
Smith, lf	3	1	1	4	0	0
Case, p	2	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	35	9	13	27	8	3

THE SUMMARY.

*Case out for interference.

Score by innings —

Decatur	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	—	4
Rock Island	0	0	1	0	5	0	3	0	*—	9

Hits by innings—

Decatur	1	0	1	1	2	0	2	4	1—	12
Rock Island	0	1	2	0	5	1	3	1	*—	13

Stolen Bases—McQuaid, Hankey, Holmes, O'Rourke, Middleton, Hill, Smith.

Sacrifice Hits—Wright.

Two-base Hits—Pfeffer, Hill.

Home Run—Graham.

Struck Out—McQuaid, Schmidt, Barr, Hankey (2), Burt, Bruce, Middleton, Hopkins.

Bases on Balls—Off Case, 4; off Bruce, 5.

Hit by Pitcher—Dickey.

Passed Balls—Holmes.

Time of Game—2:00.

Left on Bases—Decatur, 10; Rock Island, 8.

Umpire—Hogan.

WHERE THEY HAVE PLAYED

Decatur Players Have Always Been in Good Company During their Careers

The men composing the Decatur baseball club have always traveled in fast company. The following shows where they have played:

Jesse Bruce—With Decatur and Davenport in the Three-I league.

Charles McGill—Youngstown, O., and New Orleans.

Pete Daniels—Pittsburg, St. Louis, Kansas City, Rockford, Columbus and Ft. Wayne.

Fred Holmes—Grand Rapids and St. Paul.

Jack Schewbridge—Marquette and Mobile.

Guy Dickey—Marquette.

Fred Pfeffer—Chicago.

John A. Hankey—Syracuse and Appleton.

W. S. Barr—California (two years) and Salt Lake City.

Dan Burt—Springfield, O., and Decatur.

Martin McQuaid—Minneapolis and Denver, Evansville, Syracuse, Oakland, Peoria, New York, Des Moines, Dubuque and Scranton.

Frederick Schmidt—Kalamazoo, Pittsburg, St. Paul, Baltimore, New York, Grand Rapids, San Antonio, Norfolk, New Bedford, Wis., Cleveland, Oswego and New London.

THERE ARE OTHERS

Evansville the Only Home Team to Win on Saturday

Evansville, May 3.—Terrence pitched good ball and Evansville won easily. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Evansville	200410000	7	9	1
Davenport	000001000	1	8	3

Batteries—Terrence and Reading; Vetter and Foster.

ROCKFORD WINS.

Terre Haute, May 3.—Rockford won today through effective pitching of Killian. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	030000000	3	4	1
Rockford	010120100	5	11	4

Batteries—McCoy, Hyman and Starnagle; Killian and Thiery.

BLAME BARKER.

Bloomington, May 3.—Barker's inability to field his position in the tenth lost Bloomington the game today. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Bloomington	0001200100	4	6	3
Cedar Rapids	1200100002	4	10	0

Batteries—Barker and Belt; Durham and Weaver.

THE SMALL FRY

Organized Under the Name of the Junior Baseball League

Saturday morning the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. there was organized "The Decatur Junior Baseball League." The meeting elected J. H. Keyser of the Y. M. C. A., president and treasurer, and John Brockway secretary. The teams present were represented by their captains, as follows:

Black Caps—George Byrn.
Decatur Diels—Warner Young.
Y. M. C. A.—Emory Wood.
Pirates—Howard File.
Red Caps—Leonard Gher.
White Rocks—Tom Folrath.
All Stars—Harry Cheevers.
North End Stars—Paul Freeman.

The team also adopted a constitution. All members must be under 16 years of age. No player can be a member of more than one team at the same time. A player will be blacklisted if he signs with one team before he has received his release from his former team. Each team must play two games a week for ten weeks and half of the games must be played upon their home diamond. Each team must have a diamond and register it at the office.

For the team winning the highest average a pennant will be awarded at the close of the series. Wednesday night the managers and the teams are to meet at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. at 7:30 o'clock to perfect the organization. The headquarters of the association will be at the Y. M. C. A.

The president of the association will select the umpires, but the managers of the teams will have the privilege of suggesting.

Replayed

London, May 3.—The international football match between England and Scotland, which after the disaster at Glasgow, April 15, was officially declared "no game," was replayed at Birmingham today, before sixty thousand spectators and resulted in a draw, two goals each.

Scotland thus secured the season's international championship, having previously defeated Wales and Ireland. The gate money collected here today goes to the sufferers through the breakdown of the stand and the crush of the crowds at the Glasgow game.

DEATH RECORD.

MRS. KUEPFERLE.

Mrs. Rose Knepferle, wife of Chas. Knepferle, died Saturday morning, May 3, at 10:30 o'clock at the family residence, 363 South Webster street. Mrs. Knepferle was 47 years old and a prominent member of St. James German Catholic church. Mrs. Knepferle has been a resident of Decatur for eighteen years and besides her husband leaves two daughters, Amelia and Francisca, and a brother, all of Decatur.

The funeral will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. James church. Rev. Father Teppe will officiate and the interment will be at Calvary cemetery.

HART KNOCKED OUT CARTER

Both Men Were Exhausted by Eight Rounds of Fast Fighting

Louisville, May 3.—After eight and one-half rounds of terrific fighting, Marvin Hart of Louisville knocked out "Kid" Carter of Brooklyn before the Southern Athletic club tonight. The bout was a slugging match up to the sixth round, but the pace had been so swift that during the last four rounds both men staggered around the ring, hardly able to stand and neither seemed able to land an effective blow. It was merely a contest of endurance and the knockout blow, a left to the jaw, was delivered when Hart himself seemed almost ready to fall.

Both men were severely punished. Carter's right eye was closed, his lip cut and face bloody. Hart's right eye was badly swollen and the blood was flowing freely from the nose and mouth when the bout ended. Until the decisive blow was struck it seemed to be either man's fight, though Hart appeared to be a little faster and stronger than his opponent.

Loubet to Mission

Paris, May 3.—President Loubet this evening received in audience the Rochamenean mission previous to its departure for the United States. He made a speech during the course of which he said:

"You are going to a country where energy is religion. I wish you the good welcome which the enthusiastic and mighty people beyond the ocean have ever reserved for those who have gone there to represent France."

RHODES WAS DECEIVED

Else He Never Would Have Permitted the Jameson Raid

It is not just to the memory of Cecil Rhodes to hold him up as the Jonah of the British government whose mistake of the Jameson raid caused the war in South Africa. Long before that raid Oom Paul had imposed a tax on his subjects in the Transvaal of which the "outlanders" paid nine-tenths, according to the estimates of the exports, equal if prorated among the population to $90 per head of the inhabitants, and after enriching himself and his relatives out of the treasury spent the remainder for arms and ammunition until it is said by Dr. Conan Doyle, he had acquired five rifles for each adult Boer in the Transvaal and Free State republics.

The old man has been fixing for war ever since the discovery of gold in the veldt. The Jameson raid simply gave him face in Europe and America for entrance into the hostilities that he had long before determined upon. It is, however, not much of a tribute to the perceptive faculties of the late "colossus" that he did not get on to these extensive preparations or he would have appreciated the insanity of Jameson's raid. Every Boer in the Transvaal was furnished with arms and accoutrements of the most modern type and it would have been impossible for Jameson to reach Johannesburg with his expedition had his force been ten times as large. Oom Paul had completely deceived the greatest Englishman in South Africa by the absolute secrecy of his preparations. But had Rhodes been on the lookout he would have infallibly discovered the plot of the two "presidents" before the raid was made.—Nebraska State Journal.

The difficult becomes the easy and the commonplace if one is hard to it. Here's a capital story to the point:

A Scotchman, who had been employed nearly all his life in the building of railways in the Highlands of Scotland, came to this country in his later years, and settled in a new section on the plains of the far west. Soon after his arrival a project came up in his new home for the construction of a railway through the district, and the Scotchman was applied to as a man of experience in such matters.

"Hoot, man!" said he to the spokesman of the scheme, "ye canna build a railway across this country."

"Why not, Mr. Ferguson?"

"Why not?" he repeated with an air of effectually settling the whole matter. "Why not? Dae ye no see the country's as flat as a floor, and ye dinna hae any place whatever to run your tunnels through?"

Dog's Voyage in a Valise

In a valise specially prepared for traveling Queen, a little French poodle, left for Paris yesterday, where it will reside in the future. Queen is the property of Mrs. Charles Schmidt, whose husband was connected with the Auditorium hotel for many years. The Schmidts will make their home in Paris. When they prepared to leave Chicago their most troublesome problem in the way of packing was the disposition of Queen, a family pet for years. Nothing would appease Mrs. Schmidt but a properly arranged "traveling home" for Queen. Mr. Schmidt accordingly went to a trunk and valise firm and told what he wanted. After considerable experimenting a dog valise almost equal to a Pullman car in its furnishings was turned out. An ordinary black alligator valise was secured. Windows with leather flaps in each were put in, with fine woven screens covering them. The inside was finished in purple plush and the bottom was covered with a small pillow. When put in its valise the animal appeared contented. During the passage over the Atlantic Mr. Schmidt will sit up nights and hold the valise in his hands to prevent Queen from becoming sea sick. At least that is what Mrs. Schmidt tells her friends.—Chicago Tribune.

Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

FUNERALS.

MRS. CLARK

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Clark was held Saturday morning from St. Patrick's church, Rev. Dean Murphy officiated and the interment was at Calvary cemetery.

FOR SALE!

A splendid farm of 390 acres, 8 1-2 miles from Oskaloosa and five miles from Eddyville, Iowa. The land is practically level. Deep, black soil, with clay subsoil. This farm produced 12,000 bu. corn in 1900 and 7,000 bu. last year. Improvements consist of a good two (2) story house, fair barn, corn cribs and other shedding. Also a good orchard. Price $55 per acre if taken before May 1st, possession given March 1st, 1902. Is now rented for this year for one-half crop rent. We also have a number of other farms from 100 to 500 acres. Address Gesman Bros. & Grant, 119 High avenue, west, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

TIPS FOR FISHERMEN

Some Points of Interest in the State Law

For the benefit of local fishermen who are unfamiliar with the present fish law, and as certain restrictions are made during the spring and summer months, a synopsis is given below showing what manner of fishing is lawful:

It is unlawful,

First. To catch fish by any method within 400 feet below any dam between April 15 and June 15.

Second. To catch fish by any method except by hook and line at any time within a half mile above or below any dam.

Third. To take any black bass, pike or pickerel at any time except by hook and line.

Fourth. To catch any fish except by hook and line between April 15 and June 1.

Fifth. To catch any fish except with hook or line or dip net between April 15 and August 1.

Sixth. To catch fish by any method in water covered with ice.

Seventh. To catch or kill any fish at any time with spear, lime, acid, medical or chemical compound or explosive.

Eighth. To catch fish at any time with a seine the meshes of which are less than two inches square.

Ninth. To buy, sell or have in possession any fish caught in violation of above.

Tenth. To enter upon any land without the consent of the owner for the purpose of fishing with seine or net.

Eleventh. To buy, sell or offer for sale any black bass less than eleven inches long, white, rock or striped bass less than eight inches, pike or perch fifteen inches, white croppies nine inches, pike pickerel eighteen inches, buffalo fifteen inches, German carp thirteen inches, native carp twelve inches, sun fish six inches, red-eyed pike six inches, cat fish thirteen inches and white perch ten inches.

A violation of any part of the above law will subject the offender to a fine of not more than $25 or more than $200 for each offense—one half of which is paid to the person making the complaint.

It will be seen by above that seining is not allowed at any time within one-half mile below or above a dam, and no one is allowed to take any pike, black bass or pickerel at any time with a seine, nor to take any kind of fish at any time with a seine, the meshes of which are less than two inches square.

It is not permissible to fish with dip nets within one-half mile above or below a dam at any time, or to take black bass, pike or pickerel at any time with dip nets or to take any kind of fish with dip nets between April 15 and June 1.

The law further provides that it is unlawful to fish with a seine at any time in a stream not used for navigation.

Deeds Recorded

Anna B. Edgell to Millie A. Clark, lots 2 and 3 in block 1 in Wise's second addition to Blue Mound; $100.

L. B. Ware to Frank Gabriel, lots 5, 6 and 7 in block 14 in Colfax's addition to Blue Mound; $900.

John R. Miller to A. F. Kennedy, lot 12 in block 1 in Bellevue Place addition to Decatur; $200.

Joseph F. Trimmer, jr., et al to D. W. Trimmer, one-half of the north half of the southeast quarter of sec on 27 township 17, range 2 east; $525.

Susan Neidermeyer to Charles Neidermeyer, part of lot 3 in block 2 in Western addition to Decatur; $1.

G. W. Bain to James Bain et al, lots 3, 4 and 5 in block 3 in Peddicord & Burrow's addition to Decatur; $1.

W. Frank Godwin to Rosanna Lawson, two and one-half acres in the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 21, township 16 range 2 east; $1.

James J. Finn to Annie J. Dimock, master's deed to lot 5 in the resurvey of lot 10 and the north half of lot 9 in block 2 in H. Robinson's addition to Decatur; $1241.

Hot Rolls,

hot muffins, hot cakes, made with Royal Baking Powder may be freely eaten without fear of indigestion.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

PAST AND FUTURE

Mayor Reviews the Business of Last Year and Makes Some Recommendations

HE SUGGESTS A CITY HALL

City Should Buy Fairlawn or Secure a Long Time Lease—Water Works and Fire Department

When the new council was called to order last night Clerk Peniwell read the annual address of Mayor Shilling, which is given in full below:

To the Council of the City of Decatur, Illinois:

Gentlemen: In compliance with the statute of the State of Illinois, relative to my duties as Mayor, I hereby submit the following statement of the present condition of the City of Decatur, at the beginning of this, the second year of my administration as Mayor, and call attention to a few of the present and immediate future needs of said city.

At the beginning of the past year $150,000.00 was appropriated for the current expenses of Decatur.

In addition to keeping up the current expenses, interest on outstanding bonds and the yearly portion for the sinking fund, we have made the following improvements and purchases.

A site for the erection of a fire house on North Main street, $1,000.00.

Improvements on fire house No. 2, amounting to $1,500.00.

Fourteen arc lights, $250.00.

2700 feet 6 inch water pipe, $2,700.00.

432 feet 12 inch water pipe, $1,020.00.

A water main repairing machine, $750.

Twelve steamer hydrants, $360.

We have erected forty culverts, 218 street and alley crossings and six valve boxes, aggregating a cost for lumber of $1,522.82.

For public improvements we have expended as follows:

For lowering and relaying the sewer on Great Western avenue, $786.65.

For lowering the sewer in the alley between Church and Main streets, $156.01.

Same on West Eldorado street, $90.

For paving East Pierce, Gordo and Front streets, our share paid out of the general fund amounted to $13,124.71.

North Morgan street, $720.15.

North Water street, $280.89.

For constructing Oakland avenue culvert, east of University grounds, $175.

For our share of grading Oakland avenue, east of University grounds, $750.50.

For cost of purchasing a cement testing machine, $120.50.

Cost of grading the boulevards on Gordo, Morgan, Webster and Calhoun streets, $400.

We have made five miles of grade for sidewalks, and have raised 1 1-2 miles of brick sidewalk.

We have built and equipped a pest house at an expense of $250.

Have taken care of 52 cases of smallpox; 26 of which have been handled through the pest house.

We have fumigated in 265 cases of scarlet fever.

At the beginning of the present administration we fell heir to the following outstanding debts, which have been paid within the last year:

Damage in Hatfield case, $1000.

A time warrant in the Hamilton case for $3000.

Court costs in above cases, $940.55.

A compromise settlement with Mrs. Smith for $275.

A compromise in the case of Millikin vs. City of Decatur, $175.

All of the above amounts being paid present during this administration.

In addition to these payments, we have also paid Mrs. Schiferd for an alleged injury, $25.

We have also paid A. G. Webber, attorney employed by the former administration to assist in the electrical cases, $50.

We have also paid Mr. Cwa for legal services, extending back over two former administrations, including all charges for services to date, $1065.

Six old wooden tubs have been replaced by six new steel tubs at the filter plant at a cost of $4150.

Twenty seven tons of filter quarts or sand has been used in the new tubs, costing $454.50.

The old sand has been washed, dried and screed over, and has been placed in the six old tubs yet remaining in the filter plant.

The employes of the water works, in addition to their usual and ordinary duties, did all the work on the new tubs, after they were placed in the plant. All repairs at the plant, including the rebuilding of the boiler walls, was done by the regular force, thus minimizing the expenditure in this direction.

During the past year of this administration, the fines collected by the justices of the peace, by reason of violations of the city ordinances, amounted to $2471.16.

This, it seems to me, is a commendable showing for our police department for the year, and I believe that the present police department has shown its ability to take care of the business of that department, from the fact that on the last show day, when there was no license issued here, no extra police were employed, as has been the former custom, but the present force handled the great mass of people upon that day and night, and did it in a commendable manner.

The street department reports that it had plenty of work in that department. This is shown to be true, by the amount of lumber purchased and used in putting in the number of crossings and culverts, as shown above. The conditions now show that at the beginning of this year they are in general in very good condition and repair. There is nothing that is noticed more by a stranger when he visits a city than the condition of streets and the way they are kept. It has been my aim to keep both the paved and dirt streets in a presentable condition at all times and I think that the street department has handled this in economical and businesslike manner and we hope to improve on this during the present year.

I wish to say that no bonds creating a bonded liability against the city of Decatur have been issued during this administration, and that of the floating indebtedness of the city, there remains the two obligations yet to be paid, viz.: One time warrant, by reason of the judgment of the Hamilton case, $1250.

One time warrant in the same case for $250, which will shortly be paid.

As to the present and future needs of the City of Decatur, I beg leave to make the following recommendations:

We have made a practical test upon North Water street of resurfacing old pavement with asphalt, and this has proved a success. The block of brick on North Water street, from Gordo street to the railroad, has stood almost a year, with the heavy traffic, including the heavy show teams, and with all of this traffic, no visible impression has been made on this kind of pavement. This character of pavement is much cheaper than new pavement, having the old brick pavement for the foundation, and yet makes the street as solid and substantial as if newly asphalted upon new foundation.

A city the size of Decatur should be the owner of a suitable lot of ground in a convenient portion of the city, and have erected thereon a substantial building to be used for the city offices, city prison and police department, and also of sufficient size and proper structure to contain and accommodate the upstown portion of the fire department. The need of a structure of this kind, is evident to this council, as shown by our recent experience in renting. I would recommend that this council take the initiative steps necessary, and be the one to receive the credit for a move of this character, and I assure you that you will receive my hearty co-operation to that end.

I would also call your attention to the lease from Macon county to the city of Decatur, relating to Fairlawn park, which yet exists for about seventeen years. The city spends annually upon this park about $5000. At this rate, at the end of the present lease, the city will have spent in the aggregate about $125,000 upon this park without any assurance that it can be kept for any longer period and with no certainty as to what more at that time be demanded of the city. I would recommend that the council communicate either by committee, or otherwise, with the board of supervisors, with a view to purchasing said park, and if this cannot be done, that a lease be obtained from the county for a term of ninety nine years.

I would recommend that the proper steps be taken to increase the present police force by two, in order that two additional police may be appointed, from the fact that the city is constantly, and at this time, rapidly growing, and the need of police protection is constantly increasing. In addition to this, I would recommend that an ordinance be passed, authorizing the appointment of three mounted police, at a salary of twenty-five dollars per month, to be paid by the city, in addition to what such mounted police may be able to receive by private subscription, and have such mounted police under the same rules and regulations as the regular police officers. In this manner, our police force in the night time will be increased by three.

I would further recommend that a new lease be built on the lot purchased for that purpose, on North Main street, and that the same be equipped with necessary and suitable appointments, insuring the property owners in that portion of the city suitable fire protection, and I would recommend that the present council appropriate a sufficient amount of money in the annual appropriation bill for that purpose.

I would further recommend that the 6-inch water pipe on East Eldorado street, from Broadway to Jasper street, be taken up and replaced with a 12 inch water pipe. That the 6 inch pipe on Eldorado street, from Jasper street east to Eastern avenue, be replaced with the 6-inch pipe taken from Eldorado street, and that one block on Eastern avenue, connecting Eldorado street with North street, be also laid with such 6 inch pipe, so taken up and that the balance of the 6 inch pipe taken up from Eldorado street be placed where ever necessary in the different wards of the city.

I would further recommend that six more new steel tubs be purchased and placed in the filter plant, to take the place of the six old ones now remaining in use.

I would further recommend that the reservoir at the filter plant be repaired and put in good condition, and that all necessary repairs be done at the water works in order to keep the same in first-class condition.

I would also recommend that suitable and proper street signs be placed at proper and conspicuous places at the respective street intersections, designating the different streets within the city limits. That such street signs be purchased and erected at as small a cost to the city as possible, to be durable and suitable.

I would further recommend that the city council investigate the advisability and take the necessary steps, if found practicable, to open up East Prairie street across the Illinois Central. That at such crossing an under grade crossing under said railroad be made.

Last but not least in my judgment, I would recommend that Lincoln Square, North Main street as far north as the Wabash right of way, and West Prairie avenue be resurfaced with asphalt as soon as practicable, and I would further recommend that the different brick streets, as rapidly as they need any considerable repair, be recoated in like manner, thus adding beauty to our city, as well as durability to the streets, at a reasonable cost.

I wish to thank all of the city officers, both elective and appointive, for their co-operation in the administration of the business affairs of the city during the past year, and wish to commend the different departments, including the police, fire, street, law, electrical and engineering departments for the work which they have respectively done, both individually and collectively.

I solicit the continuance of such co-operation, and trust that our relations for the coming year shall be pleasant, and that the affairs of the city of Decatur will be so conducted as to meet the approval of the taxpayers and citizens of Decatur, and I assure you and the citizens of Decatur that it shall be my purpose to so far as within my powers, and by your co-operation, look after the interests of the citizens and taxpayers in an economical and businesslike manner. Respectfully submitted.

C. F. SHILLING, Mayor.

THE MARKETS

Chicago Grain

Chicago, May 5.—Large trade, weak, closing 1 1-8 to 1 1-4c lower; No. 2 red, 83 to 84c; No. 3 red, 79 to 81c; No. 2 hard, 75 to 76c; No. 3 hard, 75 to 76c; May, 73 3-4c, July open at 75 1-4 to 75 1-2c; highest, 75 5-8c; lowest, 74 5-8 to 74 3-4c; closed at 74 7-8 to 75c.

Corn—Fair trade, weak, closing lower; No. 3, 59 1-2 to 59 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, 60 1-4 to 60 3-4c; May, 59 3-8c, July opened at 60 3-4 to 61 1-8c; highest, 61 1-4 to 61 3-8c; lowest, 60 1-8c; closed at 60 3-4 to 60 7-8c.

Oats—Weak, closing lower; No. 2, 41 3-4 to 42 1-4c; No. 3, 41 1-2c; No. 2 white, 43 1-4 to 44c; No. 2 white, 42 3-4 to 43 1-2c; No. 4 white, 42 to 43c; May, 41 3-8c, July opened at 36c; highest, 36 1-8c; lowest, 35 1-2c; closed at 35 1-2c.

OTHER GRAINS.

Rye—May, 55c.

Barley—Cash, 65 to 71c.

Flax, $1.65 to $1.70.

Clover, $8.35.

Timothy—September, $5.00.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Flour, bbls	20,000	17,000
Wheat, bu	52,000	202,000
Corn, bu	153,000	88,000
Oats, bu	356,000	268,000

PROVISIONS.

Pork—May, $10.05; July, $17.10.

Lard—May, $10.15; July, $17.00.

Ribs—May, $9.50 to $9.52; July, $9.52 to $9.57.

Short clear sides, $10.10 to $10.20.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Market steady; creameries, 18 to 21 1-2c; dairies, 17 to 20c.

Eggs—Market steady at 15 1-4c.

Poultry—Market steady; chickens, 11c; turkeys, 9 to 12 1-2c.

How Prices Fluctuated.

Following is the range of options, with yesterday's closing:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes.
Wheat—					
May	71½@¾	74⅛	73⅜	73⅞	75
July	75½@½	75⅞	74⅛	74⅛@¼	75
Sept	74½@½	75	73⅝	74⅛	75⅝
Corn—					
May	59½@¾	59⅝	58⅝	59⅝	60a
July	61¼@½	61½@⅝	60½	60⅝@¾	61½
Sept	60½@⅝	60⅝r	59⅞	59⅞	62⅝@¾
Oats—					
May	41⅞	42	41⅛	41⅜	42
July	34⅛	34½@¾	33⅞	34@⅛	34⅛
Sept	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29@⅛	29⅜
Pork—					
July	17.17	17.20	16.97	17.10	17.10
Lard—					
July	10.22	10.25	10.17	10.17	10.20
Ribs—					
July	9.60	9.60	9.55	9.55	9.55

Grain at Liverpool.

Liverpool, May 5.—Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern spring steady at 6s 5d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 5s 8d; American mixed, old, 5s 9d.

Wheat at Minneapolis

Minneapolis, May 5.—Wheat—May, 74 1-2c; July, 74 7-8 to 75c; on track, No. 1 hard, 77 1-2c; No. 1 northern, 75 1-4 to 75 1-2c; No. 2 northern, 74c.

New York Grain.

New York, May 5.—Wheat—Receipts, 120,000 bushels; exports, 449,000. Spot easy; No. 2 red, 88 5-8c elevator and 90 3-8c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed weak at 3-4c net loss; May, 80 3-4c; July, 80 5-8c.

Corn—Receipts, 77,000 bushels. Spot easy; No. 2, 67 3-8c elevator and 67 3-8c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed steady at 7-8c net decline; May, 66c; July, 65 3-4c.

Oats—Receipts, 158,000 bushels. Spot easier; No. 2, 46 1-2c; No. 2 white, 51c; track, mixed western, 46 1-2 to 47 1-2c; track, white, 50 to 55c. Options generally weak and lower with other markets.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Market active and firm; creamery, 21 to 23c.

Cheese—Market firm; large and small, 12 to 13 1-4c.

Eggs—Market firm; western at mark, 16 1-2 to 17 1-4c.

Grain at Peoria

Peoria, May 5.—Corn—Market easy; No. 3, 60c.

Oats—Market easy; No. 3 white, 42 3-4 to 43c.

Grain at St. Louis

St. Louis, May 5.—Wheat—Cash, 80c; July, 72 3-4 to 73 7-8c.

Corn—Cash, 62c; July, 60 3-4 to 60 7-8c.

Oats—Cash, 42 1-2c; July, 33c.

Chicago Live Stock

Chicago, May 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,500 head. Market slow and strong; good to prime, $6.75 to $7.30; poor to medium, $4.50 to $6.40; stockers, $2.50 to $5.00; cows, $1.10 to $5.75; Texans, $5.25 to $6.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 30,000 head. Market steady to strong; mixed butchers, $6.75 to $7.22, good choice heavy, $7.10 to $7.30; rough heavy, $6.85 to $7.05; light, $6.65 to $6.95; bulk sales, $6.85 to $7.10.

Sheep—Receipts, 18,000 head. Market steady at $4.75 to $6.20; lambs steady at $4.75 to $6.50.

Live Stock at St. Louis

St. Louis, May 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 4000 head. Market steady; beef steers, $4.60 to $6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75; cows and heifers, $2.25 to $5.75; Texas steers, $3.35 to $6.00.

Hogs—Market firm and higher; range, $6.50 to $7.32 1-2.

Decatur Markets.

Wholesale Prices.

Lemons, 300 size	$3.50	to	$4.00
Apples (per barrel)	3.50	to	5.00
Northern potatoes, bu	.90	to	.95
Cabbage, per lb	.01½	to	.02
Bananas, bunch	.75	to	2.00
Onions, bu	1.75	to	2.00
Cranberries, per bbl	7.00	to	7.50
Oranges, California navels, per box	3.50	to	4.00
PAID BY GROCERS.			
Butter	.23	to	.27
Eggs	.11	to	.13
Lard, country	.11	to	.12
POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT.			
Hens	.07½	to	
Springs	.07½	to	
Cocks	.03	to	
Ducks	.07	to	
Turkeys	.06	to	.09
Geese	.04	to	
Eggs in demand at	.13	to	
Packing Butter	.12	to	
BUTCHER STOCK.			
Hogs, per 100 lbs	$6.20	to	$6.90
Calves	4.00	to	5.00
Shipping cattle	5.00	to	6.00
Cows	3.00	to	4.00
Heifers	3.00	to	4.20
Butcher steers	4.00	to	5.00
Sheep	3.40	to	4.00
Lambs, yearlings	4.00	to	4.20
HIDES AND WOOL.			
Hides, No. 1, green, lb	.09	to	
Horse hides, each	2.00	to	2.50
Mule hides, each	1.50	to	
Calf hides, lb	.07½	to	.08
Colt hides	.50	to	.75
Cured hides, lb	.06	to	.06½
Wool, lb	.14	to	.16
GRAIN.			
White corn	.58	to	
Mixed corn	.57	to	
Wheat, soft	.75	to	
Oats, white	.39	to	
Oats, mixed	.38	to	
Rye	.50	to	
HAY AND STRAW.			
Timothy, per cwt	.75	to	.80
Clover, per cwt	.60	to	.80
Wheat straw, per cwt	.40	to	
Oats straw, per cwt	.50	to	
Threshed timothy, per cwt	.50	to	
WHOLESALE HAY AND STRAW.			
Timothy hay, per ton	$11.00	to	13.00
Wheat straw, per ton	4.00	to	5.00

NEARBY TOWNS

NIANTIC.

The C. W. B. M. met with Miss Minerva Stahl.

Mrs. Dr. McMahon and children, also Mrs. L. O. Hawk spent Saturday with Mrs. Dr. Maxfield at Illiopolis.

Edward Jett and Mrs. Jane Grider were married at Vandalia.

Eddie Grider is home from the Philippines. He served three years.

Prof. M. E. Lockhart, who has been principal of our schools eleven years, has been urged to become a candidate for county superintendent.

W. H. Thompson is at Lovington.

Mrs. Lizzie Chamberlain of Decatur is here.

Robert Foster, a half brother of Gregg Marshall, was killed in the coal mine at McAllister, I. T. His back was broken. He lived but a short time after the accident. Mr. Marshall and son Earl visited him last year.

Mrs. R. Stein is very low.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Sipes, a daughter.

The school board employed the teachers last week. No change was made.

Mrs. Mary Lockhart is better.

Alexander Moore's residence is nearing completion.

May 5.

WARRENSBURG.

Misses Nellie and Ellen Sprague and Lola Cooper of Argenta are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Pierce.

Rev. Bickers preached the Odd Fellows' anniversary sermon Sunday to a crowded house.

The commencement exercises will be held at the Congregational church on Friday evening. Special music will be furnished by the glee club and male quartet.

Miss Vonna Ritchie returned to Peoria after a visit with home folks.

Will Ayers of Chicago visited at C. H. Frith's Sunday.

The I. O. O. F. lodge held a meeting here on Thursday. The Orphan Boys' band furnished the music for the occasion.

Miss Pearl Faith spent Saturday night with her grandparents in Decatur.

Mr. and Mrs. Strike and Miss Emma Faris spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geyer.

Mrs. Marie Schroeder is much improved.

The schools closed May 1. The pupils of the intermediate room spread their luncheon at Mr. Tozer's on the lawn. They spent the evening in playing games. All seemed to enjoy themselves very much.

Commencement exercises were held at the Congregational church Friday evening. The graduates were Charles Binkley and Charles Tucker. G. C. Lefforge of Decatur delivered the class address. C. J. Tucker after a very short but interesting talk by way of advice, presented the diplomas. Music was furnished by the glee club, male quartet and a quartet by the Misses Faith.

May 3.

BEMENT.

Mrs. Theo Saunders and son of Kansas City is visiting her friend, Mrs. A. S. Ward.

Mrs. Whaler of Gibson City is the guest of J. M. Howard and family of this city.

Johnnie Wilson of Ellingham was a Bement visitor Saturday.

James Nally of Decatur was in our city Saturday.

Mrs. J. F. Thompson went to Moline, Ill., to join her husband, who has been there for several months.

Mrs. Lydia Wharton departed Saturday for an extended visit with relatives in Atwood.

John Grant left Monday for Riverside, Cal., to view the country, and if he is suited will move his family in the near future.

Mrs. C. H. Camp and daughter, Miss Maud, left last week for Coldwater, Mich., to spend the summer.

Mrs. Frank Barth and daughter of Chicago are visiting her sister, Miss Margaret Hartman.

Rev. C. N. Wilder of Champaign occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening.

Rev. W. B. Allison returned home from Chicago Friday, where he attended a meeting of the alumni of the McCormick theological seminary.

Miss Nettie Dawson has been on the sick list the past week but is improving.

Miss Rose Fleming of Tolono spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

Mr. Bowdle and family of Milmine were Bement visitors Sunday.

Miss Rose Snyder was a Decatur visitor one day last week.

Mrs. Lansden of Monticello was the guest of W. J. Day and family last week.

School closes next week, May 14. There will be six graduates—Adolph Ernst, Misses Edna Moore, Nettie Dawson, Lulu Hays, Blanch Oldridge and Clara Hall.

J. S. Bennett of Ohio is visiting his family in this city.

Mrs. Sarah J. McAleese of Decatur visited relatives in our city the past week.

Mrs. Hannah Bricker is visiting her brother, who is ill at Grand Ridge.

Mrs. Cosetta Thompson of Sidney is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dawson.

Mrs. M. D. Brooks of Mowequa is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. L. Body.

May 5.

MAROA.

The People's Telephone company has a large force of men engaged east and northeast of Maroa in erecting poles and stringing wires to supply the farmers in that section with telephones.

The high school pupils gave an entertainment at the school house on Friday evening.

Hon. Thomas N. Leavitt and wife returned from Houston, Texas, where they had been spending the winter. Both of them enjoyed unusual good health during their sojourn in the south.

There are at present about forty applications on file for the position of school superintendent. The board of education is being visited daily with the candidates for the position.

Mrs. Mary White, who has taught in the intermediate grade of the Maroa schools the past year, has accepted a position as teacher in the Pontiac schools for the coming year at an advanced salary.

Professor Kessler of Sumner, Ill., called on the members of the board of education on last Saturday.

Mrs. S. A. Friedman is visiting friends in Chicago.

Bazel Cooper is erecting a handsome residence on the Bloomington road. Huff Bros., are the contractors.

J. H. Parker is repairing his buildings on the Long farm north of the city.

Mrs. J. H. Crocker and daughter, Miss Louise Crocker, have been visiting friends in Springfield this week.

Ben Miller, east of Maroa, sold a car load of very fine fat cattle to some Bloomington dealers last Monday.

The township assessor, Ord Fort, is fast closing up the assessment of the township.

Dug Miller purchased eighty acres of land southwest of Maroa from the heirs of the late Joseph Jones. The consideration was $87.50 per acre.

Ben S. Miller east of Maroa is suffering from appendicitis.

Mat Newman of Wheatland was in the city visiting old friends last Friday.

John Williams, the blacksmith, who has worked in the shops of F. K. Bohrer for several years, has purchased the shop of Nesbitt Brothers and will begin business on his own account in the near future.

Fashionable Fabrics

FOR IMMEDIATE WEAR, THIS WEEK AT

BRADLEY BROS.

Light Weight Colored Dress Goods

30-inch silk and wool Challies at 35c yd.

Printed satin stripe Challies in Persian and Dresden designs, 75c yd.

Satin striped Challies in navy, castor, grey, old rose, reseda, red, and cream, 65c yard.

Striped waist cloths in Dresden and Persian effects at 75c and 90c yd.

Embroidered Waist Patterns in castors, greys, greens, blues and blacks, at $1.95 a pattern.

54-inch all wool cheviot in blue, castor, brown and red at 75c yd.

38-inch Wool Armure in brown, castor, blues, reseda, cardinal and garnet at 48c yard.

50-inch crash suiting, sponged ready for wear, $1.00 yd.

45-inch Silk and Wool Barege, $1.35 yd.

40-inch all wool Vigreau Serge in gray mixed, blue mixed, brown mixed, green mixed, at 58c yd.

44-inch all wool French Etamine, 90c yard.

42-inch all wool French Etamine, $1.25 yard.

42-inch all-wool Batiste, 75c and $1 per yard.

52-inch all wool German Vigreau, $1.50 yard.

50-inch all wool German Coverts, $1.25 yard.

44-inch all wool Coverts in stripe effects, 75c yd.

44-inch all wool Armures in stripe effects, 75c yd.

The Light Fabrics

Grenadines

45-inch Iron Frame Black Silk Grenadine at $1.25 yard.

45-inch lace stripe Grenadines at $1.00 yard.

Lace stripe Grenadines, choice designs, at 75c yard.

Colored stripe grenadine in lavender, black and white, pink and white, blue and white, at 50 cents yd.

24-inch French Brocade Grenadine, blacks, at 39c yd.

24-inch Brocade Grenadine, a big bargain, at 25c yd. in black only.

Black Taffeta for Skirts

21-inch warranted Black Peau de Soie Silk at $1.00 yd.

24-inch Black Satin Finish Peau de Soie Silk, $1.00 quality at 89c yd.

20-inch Black Peau de Soie Silk at 75c yard.

23-inch warranted Black Taffeta Silk at $1.00 yard.

Bonnet's 23-inch Black Taffeta Silk at 95c yd.

Bonnet's 20-inch Black Taffeta Silk at 85c yd.

Bonnet's Taffeta Silk at 75c yd.

The finest assortment of printed Foulard Silks in Separate Dress Patterns at $1.00 yard.

50 patterns of novelty Waist Silks, all new spring designs, at 75c yd.

32-inch Natural Peau de Ane Silk at 95c yard.

75 choice parterns Foulard Silks at 75c per yard.

Fancy Embroidered Striped Pongee Silks, the newest effects for Waists, at 75c per yard

Black Taffeta Silks, High Finish, for Linings, at 50c per yard.

20 choice colors in pure Taffeta Silks, cardinal, oxblood, garnet, royal blue, light blue, cerise, lavender, tan, castor, grey, reseda, pink, old rose, brown, cream, black, navy, drab, and heliotrope at 39c yd. The best lining taffeta on the market.

Black Goods

38-inch all wool Batistes at 50c, 58c, 65c and 75c yd.

38-inch wool Armure at 48c yd.

58-inch all wool Cheviot at $1.25 yd.

54-inch all wool Cheviot at $1.00 yd.

52-inch all wool Cheviot at 85c yd.

52-inch all wool Cheviot at 75c yd.

42-inch all wool Cheviot at 50c yd.

46-inch canvas cloth, $1.00 yd.

50-inch canvas cloth $1.50 yd.

52-inch Sicilian, $1.25 yd.

45-inch Brilliantine $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 yd.

38-inch Brilliantine 75c, 50c and 90c yd.

42-inch Etamine $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.00 yd.

44-inch Etamine, 75c yd.

44-inch wool and Mohair Mistral, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 yd.

46-inch all wool Mistral, $1.25 yd.

46-inch all wool Misrtal, $1.00 yd.

46-inch all wool Batistes at 75c, 85c, 90c and $1.00 yd.

Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur Ill.

William Donnelly, the photographer, has quit business for the present. He has stored his studio fixtures and is working at the carpenter trade.

Mrs. Nettie E. Torrence has leased the Schenck house and expects to conduct a first class hotel and boarding house. The house is being renovated, repapered, painted and otherwise repaired. The furnishings will be new throughout.

G. S. Cooper has bought and put into his confectionery store a gasoline engine to operate his ice cream freezers.

J. Hardin Hoover, the veteran Louisiana and Texas land agent, has been in the city the past week.

Professor Fulwider of Bloomington was in the city last Saturday on business.

Rollo O. Crouch of this city, who graduated in dentistry last week in Chicago, will open an office here in the near future.

Sam Cramer, east of the city, has been shelling and marketing his corn this week.

President Taylor of the Millikin university will deliver an address at the commencement exercises of the Maroa high school on June 2.

Colonel Braden will go to Iowa on next Tuesday's excursion.

F. W. Miller has moved to his farm south of town for the summer.

W. H. Stonebraker will teach the Willow Glen school next year.

Miss Jane Knott has been employed as teacher for the coming year at the American school, east of Maroa.

Miss Lillian Swan has been re-employed as teacher at the Excelsior school in Austin township.

A number of republicans will attend the republican state convention in Springfield this week.

Charles H. Stoutenborough and family are spending Sunday with friends in Decatur.

May 3.

World Wide Reputation

White's Cream Vermifuge has achieved a world wide reputation as being the best of all worm destroyers, and for its tonic influence on weak and unthrifty children, as it neutralizes the acidity or sourness of the stomach, improves their digestion and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at John E. King's.

Spare the rod, even if you catch no fish.

Cures When Doctors Fail

Mrs. Frank Chiasson, Patterson, La., writes June 8, 1901: "I had malaria fever in very bad form, was under treatment by doctors, but as soon as I stopped taking their medicine the fever would return. I used a sample bottle of Herbine, found it helped me. Then bought two bottles, which completely cured me. I feel grateful to you for furnishing such a splendid medicine, and can honestly recommend it to those suffering from malaria, as it will surely cure them." Herbine, 50c bottles at John E. King's.

Every rooster crows loudest on his own dunghill, but you will notice that the hens lay all the eggs.

Your druggist or doctor will tell you that a remedy recommended to cure only Rheumatism or Gout must be reliable. Such a remedy is Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND. It only cures Rheumatism or Gout. $1.00 a bottle. For sale by all druggists. N

He who laughs last is the Englishman.

For Those Who Live on Farms

Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ill., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment; always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better made. It is a dandy for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency; 25c, 50c and $1.00, at John E. King's.

Where there is much smoke there is usually a little fire or a big fire.

Suffering with Rheumatism or Gout

Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND will cure you. It is made only to cure Rheumatism or Gout. For sale by druggists. N.

Man is fearfully and wonderfully made, but after all, is a better job than if he were self-made.

When uric acid is in the blood it is the cause of Rheumatism or Gout. If you want a medicine specially prepared to remove uric acid, take Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND. Price, $1.00. Druggists sell it. N.

He who ruleth his temper is greater than he who taketh a city, but the temper ruler will never get his name in the newspapers.

Spring Ailments

There is an aching and tired feeling; the liver, bowels and kidneys become sluggish and inactive, the digestion impaired, with little or no appetite, no ambition for anything, and a feeling that the whole body and mind needs toning up. The trouble is that during winter, there has been an accumulation of waste matter in the system. Herbine will remove it, secure to the secretions a right exit, and by its tonic effect fully restore the wasted tissues and give strength in place of weakness. 50c at John E. King's.

He who sows the wind is likely to reap a crop of cyclones.

FARM LAND—Auction sale at Clinton, Ill., court house, June 7 at 1:30 p. m. Saturday, that valuable farm belonging to the estate of the late John S. Wredenburgh, known as the Geo. Boye farm, located in Dewitt county, 3 miles north of Kinney, Ill.; 1 1-2 miles south of Hallsville, Ill.; 2 1-2 miles south of Midland, Ill. Will be offered: 1st, west (124) acres without improvements; 2nd, middle (33) acres with splendid improvements; third, east (85) acres with improvements; fourth, north (40 acres without improvements; and then as a whole (280) acres with all improvements. This farm must be seen to be appreciated. Large residence, windmill, tanks, barn, out houses, hay barn, double corn crib, small house, school house and rural delivery. Sale positive without redemption or reserve. If you will write to Mr. Woy he will arrange to drive you out from Clinton and give all particulars. Remember the date.

CHARLES M. ULRICH, Executor, Springfield, Ill.

G. W. Woy, Auctioneer. Clinton, Ill.—15-dtd

NewspaperARCHIVE®

FIFTY BLOSSOMS

Presented to Dr. Penhallegon on the Fiftieth Anniversary of His Birth

SEMI-CENTENNIAL CLOSED

The three-day service commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the local Presbyterian church was closed Sunday.

Sunday morning communion service was held with a reception of new members, twenty-one being taken in. In the morning exercises Rev. W. H. Prestley of Newton, Ill., and Dr. D. C. Marquis of Chicago, both former pastors of the church, assisted in the services.

At the evening service Dr. D. C. Marquis gave the principal address. The musical selections were a special feature. The choir rendered several selections and Miss Edna Bunn gave an organ recital preceding the regular service. Professor Robert Walter and Charles Loich assisted the choir and rendered several solos.

FLOWERS FOR THE DOCTOR.

At the morning service there happened something which was not on the program. On behalf of the Sunday school J. A. Montgomery presented Dr. Penhallegon, with a beautiful boquet of carnations. He spoke as follows:

"For the past few days we have been celebrating the birthday of our church. By a strange and happy coincidence our pastor, Dr. Penhallegon, has a birthday of his own today, and it is eminently fitting that we should celebrate for a little time the birthday of one whose labor and influence in this community have meant so much for this church.

"Doctor, the Sunday school desires to remind you of your birthday by this bouquet. I have been told that it contains one blossom for each year of your life. For as I have not counted them myself and as hearsay evidence is not admissible in the law, I will not testify as to the number of blossoms.

"It is evident, however, that this is a large bouquet, but this is not only a bouquet of flowers—it is a bouquet of years, and the fact that the years of your life are many need bring no tinge of regret or sadness to you, if those years, like those flowers, are beautiful years; if, like these flowers, they are fragrant with blessed service for God and humanity; if, like these flowers, they exhale the perfume of sunshine and love, of joy and gladness, of helpfulness and hopefulness; and we believe the years of your life have been all of these and more.

This bouquet of flowers will soon wither and die, but the bouquet of years, of which this is the symbol, will live forever. The seeds you have sown in the hearts and lives of those here will bud and blossom into flowers of eternal fragrance and beauty.

"It is with great pleasure that I present this in the name of the Sunday school, and we earnestly hope that your bouquet of years may increase abundantly, and that many beautiful blossoms may be added to it *before the Master* shall gather it to adorn the higher and better kingdom."

JUBILEE SERVICE.

At 6:30 o'clock the Young People's society held a jubilee service. The services were well attended and interesting. One of the features of the meeting was the reading of regrets from a large number of the members who were out of the city. A number of the ex-presidents of the order were present and made addresses.

Beginning on Wednesday night the regular time of prayer meeting will be 7:45 instead of 7:30 o'clock.

DEATH RECORD.

BERRY.

Mrs. Sarah Berry, widow of the late Thomas Berry of Oakley township, died at her home at 12 o'clock Monday. Her death was due to a compilation of diseases, but the direct cause was paralysis. She was 70 years old and the greater part of her life was spent in the county in which she died. She leaves two daughters and five sons, Mrs. Julia Costello, Mrs. J. P. Dilling and John, Charles, Henry, Joseph and Zachariah Berry of Oakley township. She was a prominent member of the Baptist church. The funeral will be held at the Union church near Oreana today at 3 p. m. The burial will be at the same place.

CLARA B. WICKENS.

Mrs. Clara B. Wickens died at St. Mary's hospital Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, aged 34 years, 8 months and 9 days. She was taken to the hospital on Saturday to submit to an operation for the removal of gall stones, and did not rally. Mrs. Wickens was the daughter of Mrs. Schroll, living at 618 North Church street, and was the widow of the late George F. Wickens, who was at one time an attorney here. She is survived by a son, aged 7 years. Mrs. Wickens was a member of the Ladies Aid society of the Sons of Veterans, Decatur lodge of Good Templars and of the Blue Mound Daughters of Rebekah. She is survived by two brothers and three sisters. The time for the funeral will be announced later.

THE OFFICES SEEK THEM

The McMichaels, of Philadelphia, an Uncommonly Lucky Family

"The luck of the McMichaels is proverbial," said the Old Politician as he shook his head and wondered whether there was any truth in the report that Colonel Clayton McMichael would be the next mayor of the city says the Philadelphia Times. There is no other family hereabouts the members of which have been honored as the McMichaels. Growing up with the city with a newspaper accredited to the business interests gave them a standing with the solid end of the community. Having wealth and social position on their side helped materially. First came Morton McMichael, the father, as mayor of the city. Then the eldest son, Colonel William returned from the war and landed in the United States district attorney's office as first assistant under John K. Valentine, where he remained for many years, finally removing to New York city as the attorney for a large corporation. When Chester A. Arthur became president he called Colonel Clayton McMichael the Chesterfield of the family, to the national capital and made him marshal of the District of Columbia.

Then there was a lull for a while and young Charles B. McMichael, one of the bright minds in the city solicitor's department, was asked to be a candidate for common pleas court judge. He went into the fight, won and is now rounding out his first term. How he does like to get some of his old time associates on the jury in his court so that when the official labors are ended they can hie off to a quiet restaurant and have a nice, quiet dinner and discuss the past.

After resting from his duties as United States marshal Colonel Clayton McMichael was again called to the front three years ago to fill up the ticket for city treasurer. He responded in his usual grateful manner and at the end of December finished his term. But the "boys" would not give him a rest. When it was decided to drop Thomas L. Hicks as postmaster the politicians were informed that his successor must be above reproach and pure gold. Clayton McMichael was at leisure. The president knew him. He would pass muster. So into the postoffice the colonel was hustled. And there he will stay unless there is a dare-up and things go wrong next November. In that event it may be found necessary by the leaders to hend the mayoralty ticket with the postmaster. Up to date all the McMichaels have been cared for.

MARRIED

EVANS—CHRISTISON.

At the First Baptist church Sunday evening occurred the marriage of Curtis Evans and Miss Ada Christison, both of Decatur. To the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, played by Miss Clark, the young couple came down the aisle at the close of the sermon and the marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. S. H. Bowyer. A large company including many relatives and friends of the young couple witnessed the ceremony. The bride was gowned in pale blue taffeta with trimmings of chiffon and veil of lace. The young couple were tendered a reception and wedding dinner Monday, at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Evans. The groom is a druggist, doing business at the corner of Monroe and Packard streets, and the couple will go at once to housekeeping in a furnished cottage on North Monroe street.

PLEADED GUILTY

Scotty Stewart Stood for a Tilt of $100 and Costs

Scotty Stewart stood Monday for a touch of high life and paid the penalty of $100 and costs. Stewart is charged with being the keeper of the room raided by Deputy Sheriff Wilkerson about a week ago. At that time Stewart was released on a bond for his appearance at the next term of court. In the meantime an information in the county court was filed against him and he entered a plea of guilty to being the keeper of a gaming house. His fine and costs amounted to $110 and he paid it.

WHERE LAND IS CHEAP

New Jersey Property in High State of Cultivation Sells for Song

Some times Illinois people are inclined to deprecate the magnificent resources and possibilities of this great commonwealth. Through Colonel Conklin a copy of the Gazette published at Port Jervis, New Jersey, under date of May 2, is on the Herald table. In this is found an advertisement of unusual interest. It is as follows:

"FARM FOR SALE.

"Contains 104 acres in a high state of cultivation, suitably divided into plow and meadow land, 10 acres of woods, well-watered with a trout brook running all the way through it; a fine chance for making maple sugar; 130 apple trees in bearing; peaches, plums pears, quinces and grapes; a good-sized house with 10 rooms, water by the door, and cistern in the kitchen; wagon house, 18x24; a new barn, 24x50, with basement and slate roof; cow house, 22x51; hen house, smoke house, wood house and all necessary outbuildings; 1 mile from school, 2 miles from church, stores and shops, 10 miles from Port Jervis, 3 miles from Milford, 10 miles to Branchville and 1 1-2 miles from creamery. Price $3,800. Terms to suit the buyer."

Think of it! A farm of 104 acres, well improved and in a high state of cultivation for $3800. This is located within a few miles of New York city. Such a farm in Macon county would sell for from $10,000 to $12,000. The farmers of this section scarcely realize the "acres of diamonds" they possess.

Deeds Recorded

D. E. Brooks to Lydia A. Sites, lot 11 in block 2 in Carver's addition to Decatur; $1.

Lydia A. Sites to D. E. Brooks, lot 1 in block 18 in Carver's addition to Decatur; $1.

O. B. Gorin to Susan Linxweiler, lot 16, block 7 in South addition to Decatur; $2000.

Jessie M. Pilcher to C. O. Young, lot 8 in block 8 in Kaufman's addition to Decatur; $1500.

H. F. Martin to Jessie M. Pilcher, lot 2 in block 8 in Kaufman's addition to Decatur; $1500.

T. F. Drew, administrator, to Ida Vigus, 40 feet off the north side of lot 1 in block 3 in Kaufman's addition to Decatur; $1700.

E. R. Moffett to W. D. Moffett, half interest in 50 acres in the east half of the northeast quarter of section 5, township 15, range 1 east; $1340.

Martha McComb to O. M. Spencer et al., the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 14, township 14, range 2 east; also lot 2 in block 5 in Cassell's Fourth addition to Decatur; and lot 5 and the south half of lot 4 in block 5 in North addition to Decatur; and 52 feet off of the east side of lot 5 in block 10 in Western addition to Decatur; $1000.

DECLARED INSANE

Blue Mound Man Broods over his Past and Has Imaginary Wrongs

In the county court Monday a jury declared Willard E. Gage to be insane. The man is 41 years. He is a graduate of a medical college at St. Louis and has practiced medicine and devoted himself to farming to some extent. When he attained his majority he had some mental trouble and again about eight years of age he was similarly afflicted. Both times the trouble readily yielded to treatment.

Recently his condition has become such that restraint will be necessary. He has brooded over his past and imagines that all of the persons who are actually interested in his welfare, are seeking to do him harm. Of late he had made threats to do violence to members of his family and that was what caused the inquisition.

MASS CONVENTION

Of Republican Will Meet in Springfield Wednesday, May 7

The following is the official call for the woman's mass convention at Springfield:

"By direction of the Illinois woman's republican state central committee the republican women of the state are invited to a mass convention to be held at Springfield, Ill., May 7 at 10 a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a woman candidate for university trustee, to be presented for further confirmation to the republican state convention to meet May 8, and to be voted for at the November election. Also to select a state central committee, consisting of one member from each congressional district of the state. Also to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

"The said convention will be composed of such staunch republican women from all parts of Illinois as may feel the importance of furthering the material and educational interests of the state and of securing the election of the nominees of the republican party.

"Sarah K. Harwood, Chairman.

"Alice Asbury Abbott, Secretary."

The Decatur delegation will leave for Springfield at 7:20 a. m. on the 7th. They have declared for Mrs. Evans of Taylorville. After the convention there will be a banquet at the Leland.

TOWNSHIP TREASURERS

Filed Bonds with the Circuit Clerk—Have School Funds

In the office of the circuit clerk Monday a number of bonds given by township treasurers were filed for record. These treasurers have the custody of the school funds. The bonds filed Monday were as follows:

F. S. Wellipp of township 18, range 4 east—$16,000.

C. A. Drobisch of township 17, range 1 east—$32,000.

James W. Shastid of township 17, range 3 east—$10,000.

James L. Hight of township 15, range 2 east—$30,000.

Hayden Veech of township 16, range 3 east—$12,000.

H. H. Wagner of township 14, range 3 east; $18,000.

A. T. Merlin of township 17, range 2 east—$14,000.

James A. Flick of township 16, range 4 east—$14,750.

FUNERALS.

MRS. KUEPFERLE.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Knepferle was held Monday morning from St. James church. Requiem high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Sabanson of Raymond, who exchanged pulpits with Rev. Father Teppe on Sunday.

The services were largely attended and the floral offerings were especially beautiful. The music was furnished by the church choir and the interment was at Calvary cemetery, where Rev. Father Teppe said the final prayers.

Marriage Licenses

Charles P. Durham, Decatur 25
Nora Terheus, Decatur 22

Requisition Honored

Guthrie, O. T., May 5.—Governor Ferguson honored the requisition today for the return to Polk county, Ia., of James Babitt, charged with embezzlement of the funds from the International Brick and Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance of Des Moines.

JOHN DAVIS.

Washington, May 5.—Hon. John Davis, one of the associate justices of the United States court of claims, died here this afternoon of Bright's disease, aged 52. He was private secretary to Hamilton Fish when secretary of state and assistant secretary of state under Garfield and Arthur.

Farmers! We have a few wood frame Haworth planters (3-6 width) in stock, which we will sell at a bargain. A better planter was never made. We guarantee them to do perfect work. Call and see sample. Haworth & Sons Manufacturing Co., Decatur, Ill.

LOST IN SEVENTH

Dorner's One Bad Inning Gave the Visitors What Promised to be Decatur's Victory

SMILING PETE ON SUNDAY

Old Campaigner Celebrates First Day in Box by Winning—Last of the Series Today

WHERE THEY PLAY.

Cedar Rapids at Decatur.
Rockford at Evansville.
Davenport at Terre Haute.
Rock Island at Bloomington.

THREE I LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Rock Island	5	3	2	.600
Rockford	5	3	2	.600
Terre Haute	5	3	2	.600
Bloomington	4	2	2	.500
Cedar Rapids	4	2	2	.500
Decatur	5	2	3	.400
Davenport	5	2	3	.400
Evansville	5	2	3	.400

After winning his game yesterday by pitching high class ball, with perfect support, Dorner lost it in the seventh by giving a base on balls and making a wild throw from the field to the plate. The lead thus obtained by the visitors could not be overcome in the two innings remaining for Decatur to play. When the seventh inning opened for Cedar Rapids, the score stood 3 to 2 in favor of Decatur. It gave every promise of being a heart-breaking game and the fans had worked themselves up to a point of seeing an exciting finish, but when the inning was over they were satisfied that the game had been lost and there was nothing left to do but the mourning. They were right. Neither side scored after that and the final showing was 5 to 3 in favor of Cedar Rapids. Staub, who was in the box for the visitors, was wild until the fifth inning, but after that he was effective and the home team could not hit him successfully.

Decatur opened up the campaign with a run. McQuaid got a hit and went to second while the ball was being toyed with out in left field and managed to get home on a couple of outs at first and a sacrifice by Pfeffer.

Two more runs resulted in the fourth inning on a clean hit, a long fly to right, Dorner being hit by the pitcher, two bases on balls and another sacrifice. After that Decatur could not score.

Two hits and a sacrifice netted Cedar Rapids one run in the fourth and in the sixth another was made by virtue of Dorner hitting Fleming, who advanced to second on Hines' long fly to left and scored on Hill's two bagger. Then came the seventh, when the game was lost forever. Weaver was the first man up and went out on a fly to Burt. Staub was out on a fly to Hankey, which the little third baseman got by a hard run back of the base. With two men gone Kennedy and Price rapped out singles, but it still looked easy for Decatur. Fleming, who was next at bat, had not made a hit, and was given a pass. With the bases full Hines hit out a long single and Kennedy and Price scored, Fleming going to third and Hines landing on second. Dorner managed to edge in behind Hines, who was playing away off second and had two men at his mercy. He jockeyed along until Fleming was forced to make a break for the plate and then threw wild to Holmes and another run had been scored. The next man up was Hill and he was hit by a pitched ball, but when Dugan came to bat Gus had recovered himself and struck him out. The score follows:

Decatur.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McQuaid, cf	3	1	1	3	0	0
Schmidt, rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Pfeffer, 2b	3	0	1	1	2	0
Barr, ss	5	0	1	2	1	1
Dickey, 1b	3	0	0	8	0	0
Hankey, 3b	3	1	2	1	3	0
Burt, lf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Holmes, c	4	0	1	4	1	0
Dorner, p	3	1	0	0	2	1
Total	30	3	6	24	9	2

Cedar Rapids.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Kennedy, 2b	5	1	1	3	6	0
Price, 3b	3	1	1	1	0	0
Fleming, rf	2	2	0	3	0	0
Hines, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Hill, 1b	3	0	1	12	0	0
Dugan, lf	3	0	1	2	0	1
Berte, ss	2	0	0	1	3	0
Weaver, c	4	0	1	4	0	0
Staub, p	4	0	0	0	2	2
Totals	28	5	7	27	11	3

Score by innings—

Decatur	100200000—3
Cedar Rapids	00010130*—7

Hits by innings—

Decatur	112110000—6
Cedar Rapids	00020131*—7

SUMMARY.

Stolen Bases—Hankey and Price.

Sacrifice Hits—Pfeffer (2), Burt and Berte (2).

Two-base Hits—Hill.

Three-base Hits—Weaver.

Struck Out—McQuaid, Schmidt, Kennedy, Dugan, Staub (2).

Bases on Balls—Off Dorner, 2; off Staub, 5.

Wild Pitches—Staub.

Hit by Pitcher—Dickey, Price, Fleming, Hill, Dugan.

Left on Bases—Decatur, 8; Cedar Rapids, 3.

Time of Game—1:30.

Umpire—Hogan.

The National League

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	15	13	2	.866
New York	15	10	5	.666
Chicago	12	7	5	.583
Boston	14	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	14	6	8	.428
Brooklyn	15	6	9	.400
Cincinnati	14	4	10	.285
St. Louis	13	3	10	.230

New York, May 5.—McGee pitched a fine game with the exception of a wild pitch in the second, which allowed New York to score the only run made.

Philadelphia ..000000000—0 8 2
New York ....010000000—1 3 0

Batteries—McGee and Jacklitsch; Kennedy, Evans and Bowerman.

SAVED SHUT OUT.

Brooklyn, May 5.—Hughes held Boston down for eight innings, but they succeeded in making a run in the ninth.

Boston .. ....000000001—1 8 1
Brooklyn .. ..01100002*—4 10 1

Batteries—Malarkey and Kittredge; Hughes and Farrell.

COSTLY ERRORS.

Chicago, May 5.—Chicago's errors were very costly and figured in all the visitors' run getting. After the third inning hits off Murphy were confined to one inning.

Chicago .. ...101000000—2 10 4
St. Louis ....000021200—5 12 2

Batteries—Eason and Kling; Murphy and Ryan.

RANK FIELDING.

Cincinnati, May 5.—The locals lost the game mainly on account of errors and bases on balls. Every one of Cincinnati's errors counted and all three of them were of the rankest kind.

Cincinnati .. .000000020—2 10 3
Pittsburg .. ..0102002 01—6 11 1

Batteries—Ewing and Bergen; Leever and O'Connor.

American League

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	9	6	3	.666
St. Louis	10	6	4	.600
Philadelphia	9	5	4	.555
Boston	11	6	5	.545
Washington	10	5	5	.500
Chicago	9	4	5	.444
Baltimore	10	4	6	.400
Cleveland	12	4	8	.333

WHERE THEY PLAY.

Chicago at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Detroit.
Washington at Boston.
Baltimore at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 5.—

Philadelphia . .11100031*—7 10 0
Washington . .301000100—5 9 1

Batteries—Wiltze and Kenna; Lee and Drill.

Boston, May 5.—

Boston .. ....20021000*—5 6 3
Baltimore .. ..000000002—2 7 3

Batteries—Winters and Warner; Hughes and Robinson.

Western League

Kansas City-Game postponed; wet grounds.

St. Joseph—Game postponed; rain.

Milwaukee, 2; Omaha, 10.

Peoria, 6; Des Moines, 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY.

Pittsburg at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Chicago.

Leg Broken

Oscar Morgan, son of Thomas O. Morgan of 1227 North Clinton street, was run down by a bicycle at the race track Sunday and his leg was broken. The youngster was playing ball and ran backwards in front of the wheel. He was taken to his home in the patrol wagon.

THE BAPTIST BRETHREN

Of Two Colored Churches Air Their Grievance in Court

The suit brought by the Second Baptist church against the Antioch Baptist church for possession of the church property at 610 Spring avenue is being tried by a jury before Justice James O'Mara. The whole of Monday was occupied in getting a jury and examining two witnesses for the plaintiffs. An adjournment was taken until this morning when the case will be resumed

Some fine points in Baptist law have been brought out in the trial and Brother Buckingham, who appears with Edwin Park for the plaintiffs, has a little the best of the opposing counsel, who, as the former puts it, have belonged to so many churches that they are a little mixed upon the fine points of ecclesiastical law. Mr. Oliphant, too, is up on the rules of the church. His distinction between "members in care" and those who have received "the full hand o' fellowship" appeared to be new even to the counsel.

As a gentleman who heard the most of the evidence yesterday said, "It looks a little like Clerk Oliphant had 'Hopkinized the meetin'."

If the relative strength of the two factions is as claimed by the defendants, thirty to fifty, it would seem that the simplest solution of the difficulty in view of the fact that the seceders claim the whole congregation as members of the Second Baptist church (according to Mr. Oliphant's roll), would be for the majority who prefer the old church and the old name, to regularly call a meeting for the purpose of reconsidering the matter and then attend in full force and get their rights, fifty to thirty.

Colonel J. M. Clokey and John A. Brown represent the defendants.

OTHER CASES.

Five bonds were put up to Justice McCoy Monday by persons arrested for keeping gaming houses. As many more warrants were returned with a report that the parties named therein had left town.

The case of A. L. Bullock vs F. J. McDonald for wages claimed to be due the plaintiff came up before Justice Hane and was taken on a change of venue to Justice Smith. After hearing the evidence he took the case under advisement.

Commencement Day Address

Attorney James T. Whitley will go today to Fisher, Champaign county, to deliver the address at the commencement of the Fisher high school. The exercises will be held in the opera house and Mr. Whitley will speak on "Government and Education."

Washington and "Georgy"

A Billville correspondent says the following sign was posted in the section recently:

"Git your mail for tomorrey today, as the P. M. will be gone fish'n."

"What will the government think of that?" asked a man who had just read the notice.

"My friend," replied an elderly citizen, "this is Georgy, an' the government lives at Washington, D. C." —Atlanta Constitution.

Beautifying Baths

The beautifying qualities of a milk bath are said by those who have tried them to be astonishing. Warm milk is best, and the face neck and arms should be thoroughly bathed with it every night. If used regularly, it will bring the cheeks, neck and arms to the right degree of plumpness.

Every dog has his day, which is the reason we have dogdays.

Uneasy lies the head which wears a headache.

NOT DESCENDED FROM APE

Prince George, of Bavaria, Thinks His Family Had Divine Origin

Professor Ranke, a leading Bavarian scientist, has been officially reprimanded, says a Munich dispatch for referring to the descent of man from the ape in the presence of Prince George of Bavaria, who, to make matters worse for Ranke, as it appears, happened to attend the lecture in uniform—the prince being a lieutenant in the Life Guards. The statement to which Prince George took especial exception was this. "Man's descent from the ape cannot be argued out of existence by the attempt of army officers and women to squeeze in their waists by the use of corsets."

Immediately afterward Prince George who is twenty-two years of age, strutted up to the old professor and told him before a room full of students that he must not make such derogatory statements in future, and that, no matter where the "people" came from, his—that is, the royal family of Bavaria—could not possibly be descended from an unreasoning animal, seeing that the Wittelsbachers were placed on earth by Providence to rule. Professor Ranke was so taken by surprise that he had not a word in reply.

Complain of the Road

There are many complaints because the road running east and west, this side of the poor farm, is impassable. A new bridge has been built over the creek at the poor farm and this interrupted traffic for a couple of months. The bridge has been completed for the past twelve days, but the approaches have not been filled in and there is a big hole at either end of the bridge about six feet across and ten feet deep. The state of affairs amounts to a general nuisance and nobody seems to know who is responsible.

FARMERS COLUMN

CALL at the Farmers' Restaurant and get a big meal for 15c. Two elegant fans. S. T. Myers, 451 North Water st. apr6-wtf

MAT FINISH cabinets at the East End gallery at $6 per dozen of a quality that usually cost $5. 1079 East Eldorado.—29-d2t

FOR SALE—Modern 8 room house on North Union street. Cost $2500, will sell for $2200 if taken soon. For particulars address S. R. Suffern, Decatur, 136 S. Main St.—4-w4t

BULLS FOR SALE—A few good yearling shorthornbulls, pedigreed. Address Lewis Stookey, Harristown, Ill.—21-w8t

WANTED—Carriage painting and trimming; all kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest in colors and styles. I can please you. J. L. English, 122 North Church street. —sep22-dtf

WANTED—Party with $5,000, to take position as treasurer and bookkeeper, in a business doing $50,000 per annum, established in Decatur 15 years. Salary and net profit to investor $100 per month guaranteed. Address "Good Chance," care of Decatur Herald.—14-w1mo

WANTED—Good all-round blacksmith with some capital as partner in repair and manufacturing business; good location, machinery and steam power to put in and No. 1 patented developed article to make. Address Partner, care of Herald.—29-d2t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE Estate of Samuel Rugh, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Samuel Rugh, deceased, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the July term, on the first Monday in July next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1902.

JOHN B. BECKETT,
Administrator with the Will Annexed.
TUESDAYS—29-w3w

A COMPLETE SET of blacksmith tools for sale cheap. F. D. Caldwell, Decatur, Ill.—apr22-wtf

IT WILL PAY YOU TO TRADE WITH US

Hinman Bros Co. DECATUR, ILL.

Shirt Waists

A striped percale shirt waist, wide and narrow stripes, open front, with the latest style in cuffs, turn-over collars, you can't buy the material for the price that we are going to ask for them Monday..... 39c

A gingham waist, comes in oxbloods and blues, with the newest thing in cuffs and collar; is the most serviceable waist that you ever saw for the office or shop, as it laundries like a waist that you would make yourself 45c

A shirt waist made of a good quality of chambray in white and black, white and pink, white and blue, graduated tucks; new cuffs..... 89c

A corded Madras shirt waist, light grounds in neat stripes and figures of prevailing colors, waist tucked, fancy collar and newest cuffs, neat and genteel, for..... 98c

A shirt waist in plain color woven chambray of excellent quality; steel gray and light green, waist neatly tucked front and back, trimmed collar and new cuffs; for..... 98c

A stylish shirt waist of finest quality of Aberfoyle lustrous mercerized chambray in plain colors, oxblood, light blue, light green and steel gray, back prettily tucked, with newest collar and cuffs, for 98c

A fine India Linen Waist, trimmed in tucks and embroidery insertion, newest cuffs, tucked in back with tucked collar and tie, open either front or back, the best white waist in the city for the money $1.25

An India Linen Waist with all-over embroidery front, tucked back, fancy collar with embroidery turn-over, the latest cuff for..... $1.49

An India Linen Waist, tucked and hemstitched front, fancy tucked back, tucked sleeves and cuffs of the newest styles, collar tucked and with tie, open either front or back $2.48

We have a splendid value in a silk waist, in colors and black, comes in various styles, of tucked fronts and backs, also with hemstitches, lined throughout, fancy hemstitched and tucked sleeves, fancy turn-over collar, sold all the season at $5; reduced now to $3.98

A fancy silk waist, satins and plain silks, Gibson and other styles, the fancy colored and hemstitched front, turn-over collar, and the newest flare cuff, a regular $6 value for..... $4.48

We have a Peau de Soie Silk Waist, with front trimmed in appliqué and tucked, tucked sleeve and flare cuff, tucked back, opened front to back, with fancy collar and tie that we are going to sell for $5.98

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

CURE Sick Kidneys---Cure every Kidney Ill--Cure kidney "bad backs." Ever have a bad back? A back that ached like a toothache? A back so lame and painful all day, so weak and played out at night, that life was one long drawn out misery? Any backache is bad enough, but kidney backache has its dangers and should never be neglected. Backache is the kidney's warning. Neglect it and many serious troubles follow. Profit in time by the experience of people you know. Here is the best of evidence.

DECATUR PROOF

EAST MAIN STREET

R. C. Hiads of 1051 East Main street, painter in the Wabash car shops, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of kidney trouble which bothered me for eight years. I was treated by a physician but though he relieved me for the time being the trouble returned. I had dull pains in the small of my back, alternating with sharp shooting ones which extended up between my shoulders. The kidney secretions were highly colored and contained a sediment. They were accompanied with a weakness which was very annoying at night. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended from time to time and I procured a box from a drug store. I felt improved after taking them a short time and I continued to grow better rapidly until I was entirely cured."

WEST WOOD ST.

W. W. Shockey of 919 West Wood street, carpenter and railwright, says: "I had a severe attack of kidney trouble. I was bedridden and the physician who treated me called it kidney colic. Under his treatment I improved some, but I had a dead aching pain in the small of my back, which lay there like a heavy pressure. Lifting or stooping always aggravated it, caused sharp pains in my groin and at such times I suffered from a kindey weakness. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and so highly recommended by those who had used them that I decided to give them a trial and got a box at a drug store. I read the directions carefully and took them accordingly. Gradually the pain began to leave me and when I had used the whole of one box I felt so encouraged that I bought a second. When I had taken it I was entirely free from all pain in my back and groin."

All the Life, All the Energy, All the Ambition Disappears When the Back Begins to Ache

Get what you ask for. Get DOAN'S. Don't accept something "just as good." Most druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills and will give you what you call for. Some may endeavor to substitute an article they make more profit on. Insist on having the genuine. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

CURE kidney and Bladder Ills---Cure annoying Urinary troubles which interfere with daily duties, disturb your rest at night, which are forerunners of dangerous Diabetes and early symptoms of Bright's disease. When the kidneys fail in their work---when their fibrous filters become clogged, urinary troubles follow. Watch the urinary discharges---when unnatural in color---when passage is painful, infrequent or too frequent, it's time to help the kidneys or look out for Rheumatism, Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's Disease. Don't experiment, take a remedy tried and tested by people you know.

DECATUR PROOF

WABASH AVENUE

Mrs. Frank Arnold of 445 Wabash avenue, says: "I had constant sharp pains across my back and hips with bearing down pains in the loins. Stooping, lifting, going up or down stairs or the least exertion in doing my housework always increased the pains through my kidneys. I was restless at night and through the day had a tired feeling with little ambition to do my work. Accompanying these there was kindey weakness which was very annoying. I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills and obtained them at a drug store. They did me a wonderful lot of good in every way; my back felt stronger, and the weakness was relieved. They acted as a tonic in my case and benefited my general health very much.

EAST ELDORADO ST.

Andrew Shoemaker of 992 East Eldorado street, contractor of street paving, building and railroad work, says: "A severe spell of sickness left me with weak kidneys, which gradually grew on me until there were such terrible pains in my back and loins that I was hardly able to get about. I did not dare to walk any distance or do any lifting. For weeks at a time the pain was so excruciating that it almost doubled me up. I also had dull, aching pains in my groins and the kidney secretions were irregular. I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills and as they were backed up with such strong endorsements, I got a box of them. They did me so much good I continued the treatment until I had used four boxes. They benefited me in every way."

MAY MAGAZINES--BOOKS AND AUTHORS

IT IS SAID that Richard Harding Davis' hero, "Captain Macklin" now published serially in Scribner's, was suggested to him by a man who handed him a business card on which was inscribed, "Promoter of Revolutions." Mr. Davis considers him one of the most interesting characters he ever met. The Captain Macklin of the story is a young West Pointer, and in the May number he reaches the army of revolutionists who are the beginning of his marvellous adventures.

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MR. GEORGE BARR MCCUTCHEON has been fortunate enough to have adventures even in so prosaic a spot as the Union depot, Chicago. Mr. McCutcheon has been in the habit of coming to Chicago once a fortnight, and the station hands have come to recognize him without knowing his name. The boy who attends the newsstand is especially eager to sell him books, and several times he tried to dispose of a copy of "Graustark," his own novel. Mr. McCutcheon put him aside with the solemn assurance that he had already read the book and did not care to have another copy. But one day, being in a particularly kindly mood on his way from Chicago to Lake etc, he decided to help the enterprising news agent. When the boy handed him the usual copy of "Graustark," therefore he took out his fountain pen and inscribed in front of the title page his name and best wishes for the boy with the remark that perhaps the copy was now more valuable than before. But the boy blazed out at the complacent author as only a city gamin can and asked sarcastically it he would not inscribe the author's name for Hall Caine and Marie Corelli. He insisted that the book was ruined and that McCutcheon must bar it. As a crowd was rapidly gathering and he did not care to establish his identity the crestfallen celebrity paid the $1.50 without a murmur.

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"CASTLE CRANEYCROW," the new novel upon which Mr. George Barr McCutcheon has been working since "Graustark" was published, has had the advantage of many hazards during its composition, and if omens count for anything, it should be a success. One interesting fact in connection with the book is that the stenographer who is doing Mr. McCutcheon's typewriting copied the manuscripts of "Alice of Old Vincennes," by the late Maurice Thompson, and "The Prince of India," by General Lew Wallace.

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WHILE M. Jules Verne's heroes were discussing miracles in the saloon of the "Nautilus," many fathoms beneath the surface of the troubled sea, a man of flesh and blood in Dublin was wrestling with the ancient problem of submarine navigation. With what measure of success he met we well know but so rapid has been the progress of science in the thirty-five years since the days of the "Nautilus," that we wondered more at her voyage through the pages of a book than we did, the other day, when a real "Nautilus," of iron and steel, lay submerged for many hours on the bottom of Peconic Bay. Through the dark hours of a stormy night, when schooners were tossed on shore by the waves, the submarine destroyer "Fulton" rested so quietly that none of her crew suspected there was a ripple overhead. And when, after the vessel rose to the surface, an admiral of the navy stuck his head out of the conning tower, he said: "Let's go below again, for it's wet and cold up here, and it's snug and warm down in the 'Fulton.'"

How closely the "Fulton resembles the "Nautilus," both cigar-shaped vessels of steel, with windowed conning towers amidships, and propelled by electrically-driven screws! Jules Verne wrote in the infancy of electricity, but in his fancy he builded electric motors and incandescent lamps. The fairyland "luminous globes," in which the light was produced "in vacuo," are now more familiar to us than oil lamps. The storage battery of the "Fulton" was not dreamed of in the days of the "Nautilus," and the novelist had to leave the source of the electricity a half-revealed secret of the resourceful Captain Nemo. But was not our modern electric motor clearly foreseen in the "Nautilus'" engine, turned by 'electro magnets of great size?" Captain Nemo astounded M. Aronnax by telling him that he kept the boat warm and even cooked his food by electricity. But this is no novelty now, to the American who rides home in an electrically driven, heated, and lighted street car, and eats a supper cooked over an electric stove.

There were awful days on the "Nautilus" when, imprisoned beneath the antarctic ice, her supply of fresh air became exhausted. On the sixth day, when hope had all but fled, the ice was broken, and the air-starved crew breathed again. The "Fulton," however, is a more wonderful creation; for, with her compressed-air cylinders, she can keep the air within the shell fresh for many days. As in the dream of the novelist, the real submarine boat is sunk by filling compartments with water. For the use we have for submarine boats offensive operations in naval warfare, deep-sea running is not desirable, and the "Fulton" would be crushed to atoms under the enormous pressure of the low levels to which the "Nautilus" was sunk. But should human needs demand a deep-level cruiser, American inventive genius would undoubtedly solve the problem. May issue of "Success."

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EDMUND GOSSE, the English critic, in a biographical criticism of Swinburne in the May Century, gives this graphic picture of the poet's sensational incursion into English literature in 1866. Mr. Gosse says:

What remained sharp and clear, and what will perennially so remain, was the enchantment of the art of these books. Why they produced such a ferment of sensation is easily to be explained. The author, it is true, was in the direct line of the poets not out of it, like Mr. Rudyard Kipling, for instance; he had studied his Aeschylus and his Shakespeare; he was a direct disciple of Keats. But he had introduced a note of the most exquisite freshness into the closed chamber of contemporary verse. He had thrown open the window, wide open, for desperate and delirious images. In they came, the brisk Anglo-Saxon words "not fitted for poetic diction," the bold revolutionary ideas most scandalously smelling of regicide, the pagan images, with their flushed cheeks and fiery eyes, jostling the curates of contemporary idyl. All that was young, all that was erratic, all that was tired of compulsory propriety and the universal dowdiness of conventionality, rose with a sigh of rapture to welcome the lyric reveler. It was as though, at the close of a summer afternoon seeing in a Baptist chapel, the door should be flung open and reveal, in the glare of sunlight, a young priest of Bacchus, wrapped insufficiently in a leopard skin, and playing madly on a flute. One conceives the just horror of the elders, and the frenzied interest awakened in what are styled "the younger members of my congregation." Such was the incursion of Mr. Swinburne in 1866, and nothing has ever been seen like it. Thanks to its immense success, perhaps, we have never needed to see anything like it again.

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A PLAIN woman takes pride in her friends, a beautiful woman in her enemies.

A woman will often say no, when she means yes; but never yes, when she means no.

The normal woman is capable of one love and fifty affairs.

A woman's charity sometimes begins away from home, and then remains there.

A young girl is the nearest approach to an angel that we have--and the most exasperating.

It has never yet been decided whether a woman is happier when happy or when miserable.

When a woman is thoroughly tired, she finds nothing so refreshing as a nice long talk.

—May Smart Set.

• • •

THAT Dixon Crosby has executed a thoroughly consistent piece of literary art in his satirical novel, "Captain Jinks, Hero," has been proved by a number of matters which have recently transpired. One after another have events prophesied in the fictitious story been paralleled by real occurrences, and now we find that Mr. Crosby's satiric opinions of many "heroic" actions in the Cuban and Philippine wars are being presented, in sober earnest, by no less authorities than President Roosevelt and General Funston. The loss of San Juan, by denying the credit of the naval victory at Santiago to either Sampson or Sampson, evidently indorses the view, presented in "Captain Jinks, Hero," that "the battle was itself," and the capture of Aguinaldo frankly characterizes his feat as a "dirty Irish trick" a much stronger phrase than Captain Jinks dared to use of his own taking of "Gomido."

And the indorsement of the book by high military authority from over the seas is not wanting. Prince Henry of Germany told the newspaper men, at the dinner recently given to him in New York, that the Kaiser considered journalists in America the equivalents of generals in Germany. On page 69 of "Captain Jinks, Hero," the following opinion is expressed: "We've got no field-marshals in our army and the newspaper correspondents take their place."

• • •

FOR years it was a mystery to Mr. Wilson's intimate friends how he managed to acquire his knowledge of languages. Great reader as he has always been, so far as his friends knew, he had never had a French teacher, and yet all of a sudden he began to speak French like a native. A year or two later and German was at his finger tips; later again, he began to talk Italian as though to the language born. And then all of a sudden a friend solved the mystery. He had learned the languages from his dressers. It was remembered that for two seasons a French valet who spoke nothing but his native tongue had ministered to his dressing room wants. Then when Mr. Wilson's Parisian accent became thoroughly manicured the Frenchman passed out and was no more seen. His successor was a German, and he, after a couple of seasons, was succeeded by an Italian. The thing that is worrying Mr. Wilson's friends just now, is what sort of a dresser he will engage when he begins seriously to study Sanskrit.

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FRANK L. STANTON'S first book called Songs of the Soil was published some years ago by D. Appleton and Company. His many admirers will be glad to learn that a second book of verse will, in the fall, be brought out by the same firm as a holiday offering. Mr. Henry C. Appleton recently had a conference with the distinguished author with the above result.

• • •

RHODES was a great temperament rather than a great intellect. With all his practical knowledge and shrewdness, he was the dreamer who saw things as he wished to see them, and not as they were. I saw Rhodes more than once, and whenever I saw him he always produced the same impression upon me intellectually. I thought him an essentially muddle-headed man. His conversation I have often compared to a mountain stream in a mining region after a storm. Down it came rushing -bringing with it rocks and sand and gold; but all so inextricably commingled that it required the labor of days to separate the good from the bad. Rhodes, in private, talked on and on, discussing one subject and then another, and always with the same volubility, the same self-confidence, the same strange and startling mixture of sense and nonsense, of apt and striking thought in apt and striking imagery with long intervals of sheer unreason in commonplace language, with those open eyes, that curious feminine nod, and that generally tatrous expression that you are disposed to associate with female rather than male garrulity and unreason.—T. P. O'Connor, in May "Everybody's."

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A SERIES which should have been named "The Enchantments of our Modern Aladdins," if considered solely from the point of view of romance, is begun in the May Cosmopolitan. But these sketches possess as well a business interest equally for clerk and capitalist, for manufacturer, farmer and merchant. The man who would understand the drift of our news in finance and business must read these lives, so full of incident, of change, of hard labor and marvelous success. As it is, the series receives only the commonplace name of "Captains of Industry." Each character is treated by a noted writer familiar with his subject.

• • •

IN The May National Joe Mitchell Chapple writing of affairs in Washington tells the following:

I cannot resist here telling a story concerning Chauncey Depew. It is too good to be original, but the senator must be in it, just as Lincoln was in all the stories of a past period. A tramp met the senator and asked him in that easy, velvet-tongued way:

"Would you kindly assist a——" etc.

Chauncey, of course, is an easy mark, and as he fanned himself after extracting the quarter, the tramp inquired:

"And who may I say was so kind hearted?"

"Oh never mind. That's all right."

"But in after years, when I recall those whose tender hearts——"

"Never mind, my good fellow!"

"Then I cannot accept it, sir. I must let my friends know——"

"Well, tell 'em it was Grover Cleveland, and let it go at that."

The tramp put the quarter back in his pocket leisurely and shook his head.

"Now, my good fellow," said the senator, "may I ask your name?"

"A gentleman in distress is loth to confess."

"Yes, but if I have your name I may be able to help you."

"No, my pride will not permit it."

"But allow me to know who I have had the pleasure of meeting in this happy way."

"O, well, tell 'em it was Chauncey Depew and let it go at that."

Chauncey fanned himself and let it go.

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RICHARD FISGILL'S "Mazel" is said to have much originality in style and handling. So few of the current books really have character,—a distinct individuality, that it will be refreshing to find it in a new novelist. "Mazel" is no ordinary lady who walks down the street with demure dignity, but a creature of surprises and whimsicalities. And the author has as many vagaries in describing them as the heroine herself.

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IN his personal talk for May, the editor of Home and Flowers quotes from letters from a number of people in close touch with the social conditions of our rural population as to the immediate need of the American farmer in the matter of esthetic and social betterment. Following are some of these opinions:

"Larger self-respect and ambition are the great needs at present of the farmer and his family, in the opinion of Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska. Farmers, he believes, need to see and feel that they are in an eminent degree pillars of the republic. They need to look up, to introduce better methods of agriculture, to beautify their homes. Above all, they need to think of life in the country not as a fate, but as the greatest of good fortunes.' The American farmer, says President G. W. Flint of Storrs Agricultural college (Connecticut), needs 'a thorough scientific knowledge of his work, a better development of the esthetic side of his nature, more love for the art and less for the dollar."

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IN The May Scribner, Franklin Mathews writing of Famous Men of the Western Reserve says:

John Brown came here from Connecticut as a child of five years; and it was through the inculcation of early Western Reserve radicalism, operating excessively on a peculiar nature, that he was projected upon the country at large as a lurid figure, whatever its deferts, not to fade from history. It has been chiefly through a certain stalwart moral stamina of its people, combined with a genius for politics, that the Reserve early became conspicuous, and has all along exercised a huge influence, relative to its size, upon the State and country. It has contributed six governors to the state in the time of its need, five senators and two presidents to the United States; educators, authors, scientists almost innumerable. The mere names of Wade and Giddings, of James A. Garfield and William McKinley, of Jay Cooke, financier of the war for the Union, of governors Samuel Hunting ton, Seabury Ford, Reuben Wood, David Tod, John Brough, and Jacob D. Cox—the latter also one of the ablest generals in the civil war, and of those other generals, Q. A. Gillmore, Opdyke, Dewey, Alger, Reilly, John Beatty and the two Paines, both major-generals, who, though entering the service elsewhere, were natives of the Reserve; of such practical scientists as Edison and Brush; of such authors as W. D. Howells, James Ford Rhodes, Edith Thomas, George Kennan, Ambrose Bierce, Sarah Woolsey, Albion W. Tourgee, Thomas Jay Hundon, and Delia Bacon (of Bacon-Shakespeare fame), and of such educators as ex-President James Fairchild, of Oberlin, the late Thomas W. Harvey and Burke A. Hinsdale, and Professor George Trumbull Ladd (the world-famous philosopher and psychologist of Yale's faculty), are sufficient to attest that it was no people of mediocrity which Connecticut's remarkable colonizing movement placed in Ohio.

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ADMIRAL BOB EVANS is in his very best vein in his article on "Prince Henry's American Impressions," in the May McClure's. Here is his account of the origin of the article: "'Evans,' said the Prince one day on the train, 'all this ought to make a good article for you. I hope you will write one about it.'" Which shows that His Highness realized in whose hands he was, and wisely determined to make the best of it. But the admiral has done very handsomely by the Prince, and the latter, if he finds nothing to take umbrage at in the article, will doubtless soon return to this country to accept Evans' invitation to go big game hunting with him out west, of which due mention is made by the admiral. In spite of speech-making the prince, according to the admiral, did have a very good time on this side, and made friends with everybody. But the speechmaking not only bored him, but struck him as largely unnecessary; and in regard to Boston speech-making, the admiral has a story to tell which may perhaps surprise Bostonians, though not the rest of us. To Milwauke, belongs the proud distinction of having—in the opinion of both admiral and prince—more pretty girls per square foot of sidewalk than any other city on the royal route. What the sky-scrapers of New York, though pointed out by an admiring staff, had ignominiously failed to accomplish, the damsels of Milwaukee achieved quite unaided, and the proud Hohenzollern "rubbered" shamelessly. But these are only a small part of the admiral's yarns, which every one should read in the interest of international pleasantry.

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